

Evaluating processes controlling subtropical humidity using water vapor isotope measurements

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CIRES, Boulder

Thanks to: David Noone, Sandrine Bony,
TES data: John Worden, Jeonghoon Lee, Derek Brown,
SCIAMACHY data: Christian Frankenberg,
ACE-FTS data: Kaley Walker, Peter Bernath,
ground-based FTIR: Debra Wunsh, Matthias Schneider

TES meeting, 17 June 2010

Uncertainties in humidity changes

- ▶ subtropical relative humidity strongly impacts
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Uncertainties in humidity changes

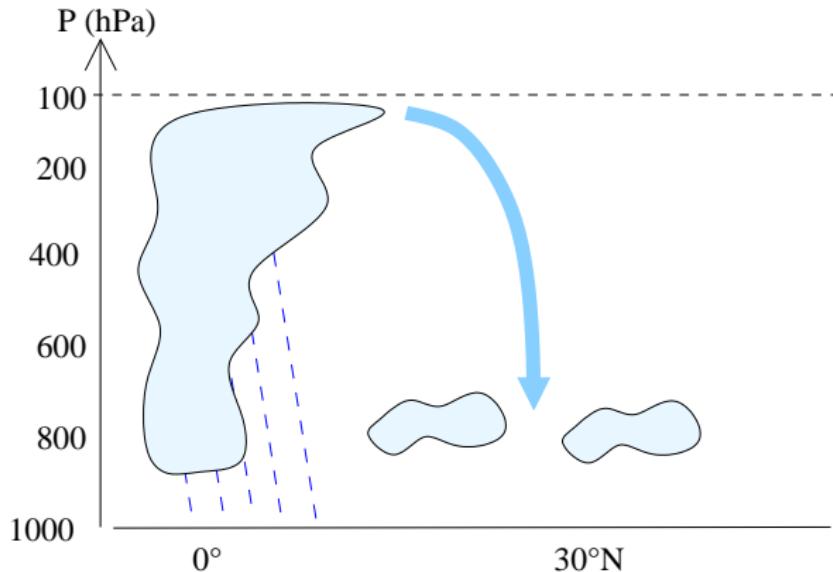
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 - ▶ no link between mean state and projections (*Santer et al 2009*)
- ▶ How to evaluate the credibility of these projections?

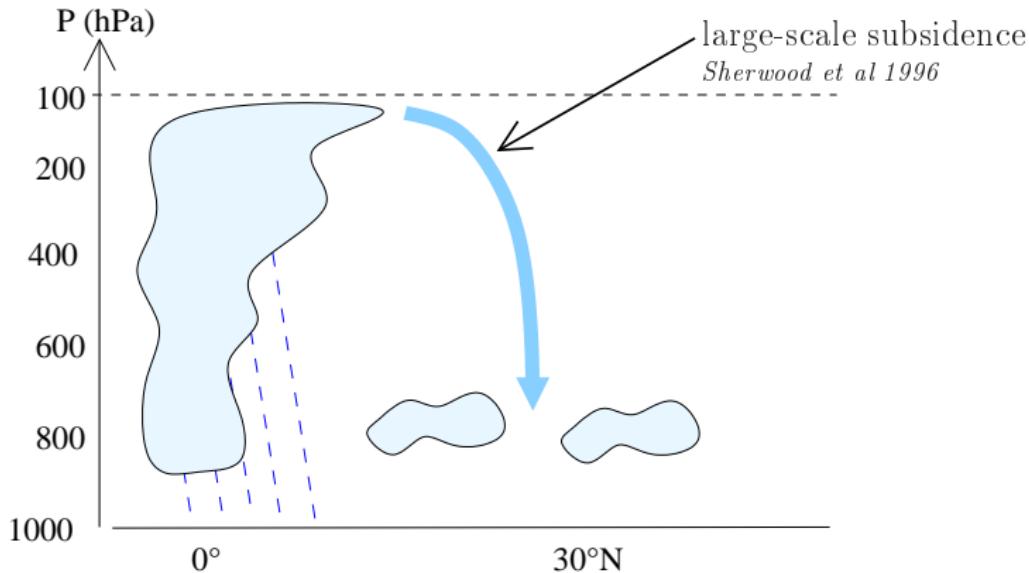
Processes controlling relative humidity

- dispersion reflects complexity of humidity controls



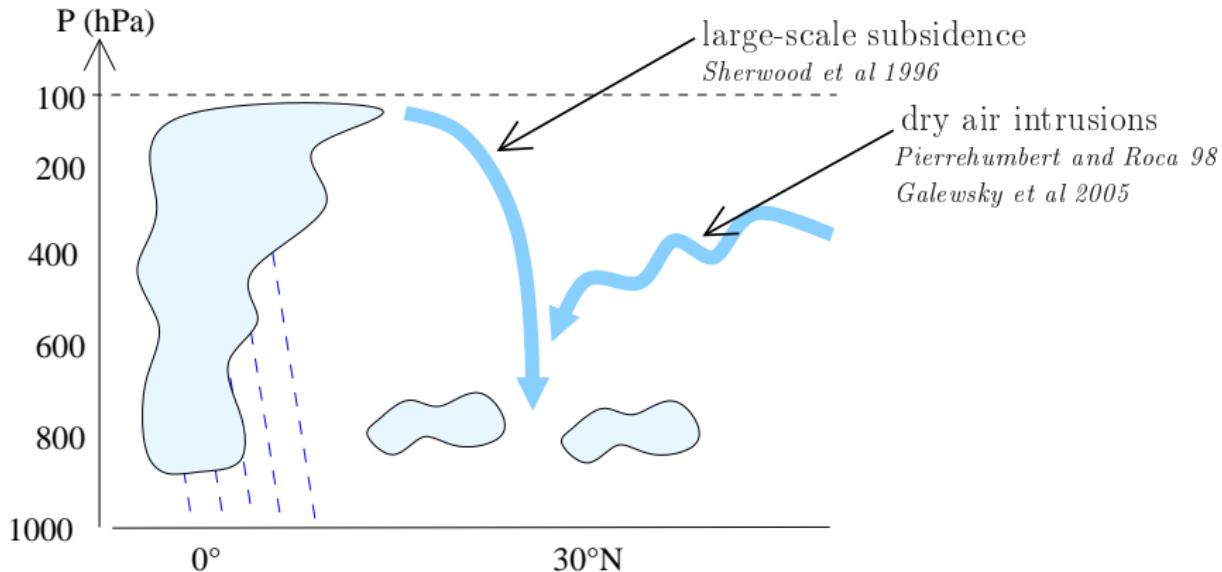
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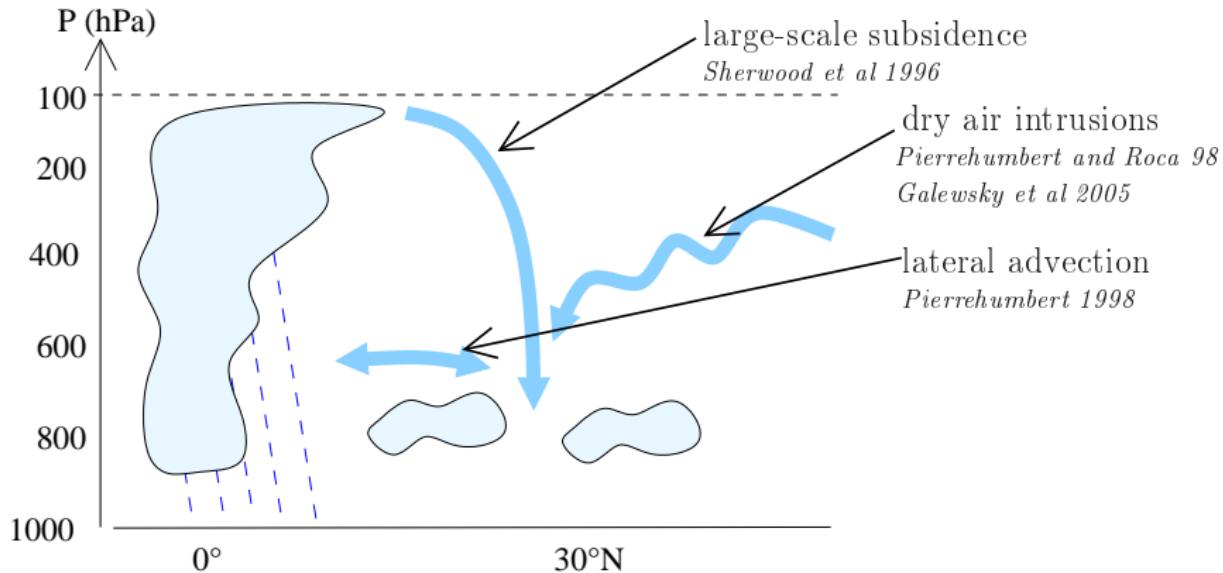
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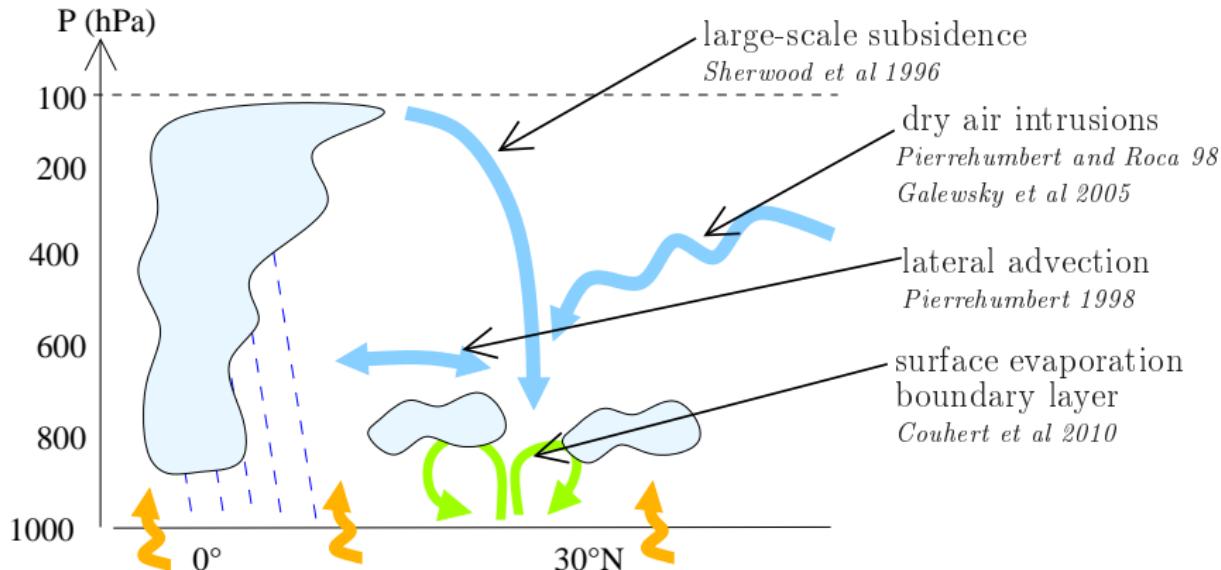
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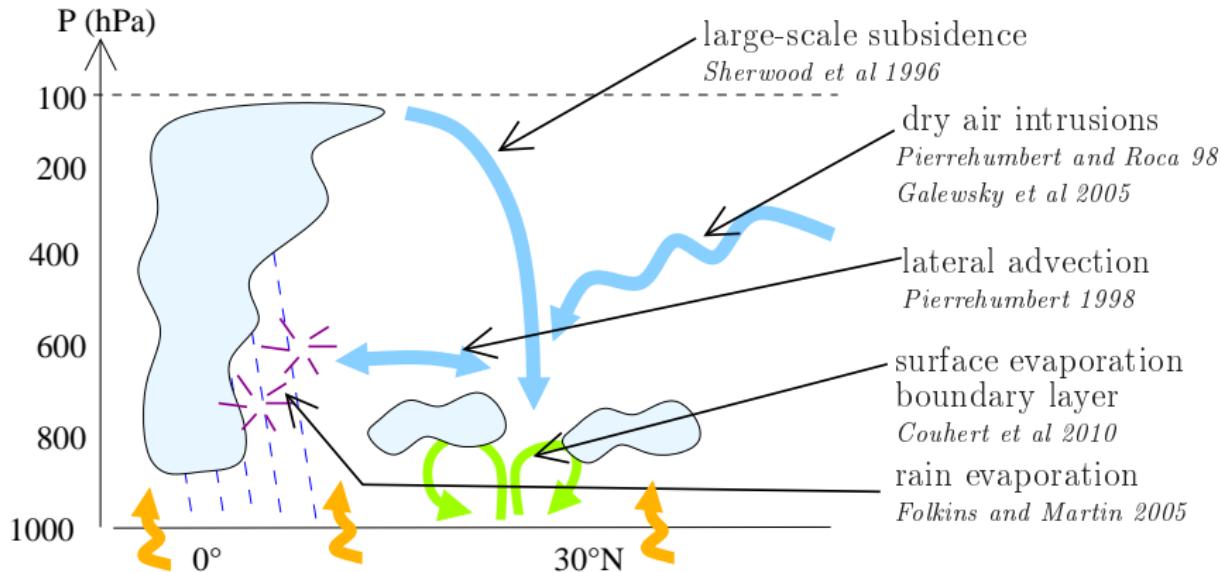
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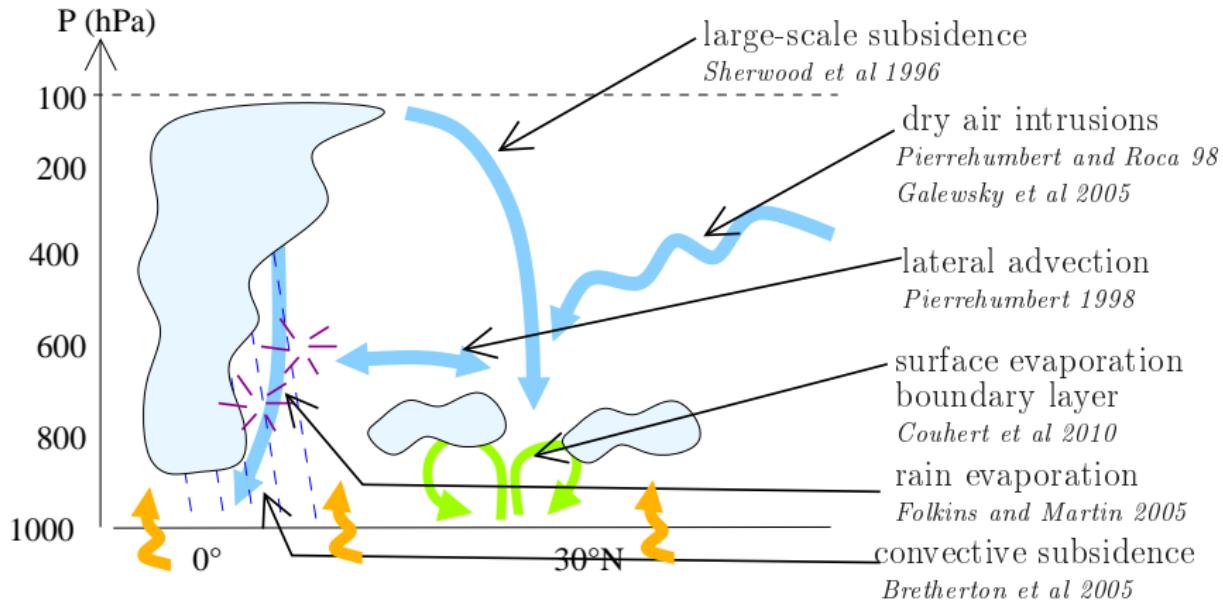
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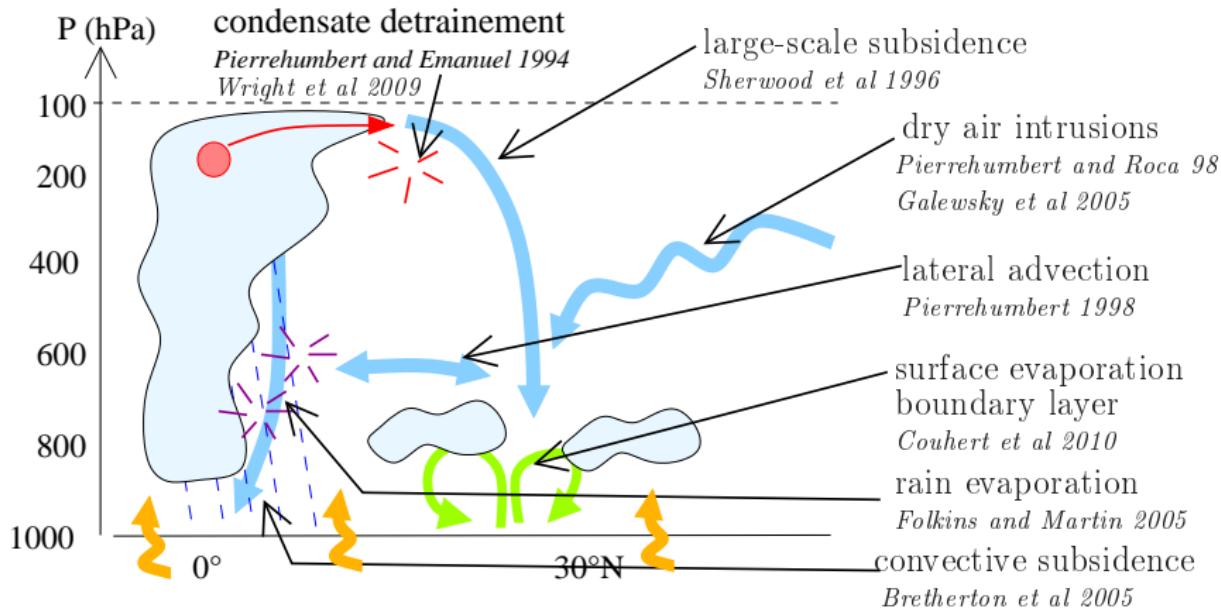
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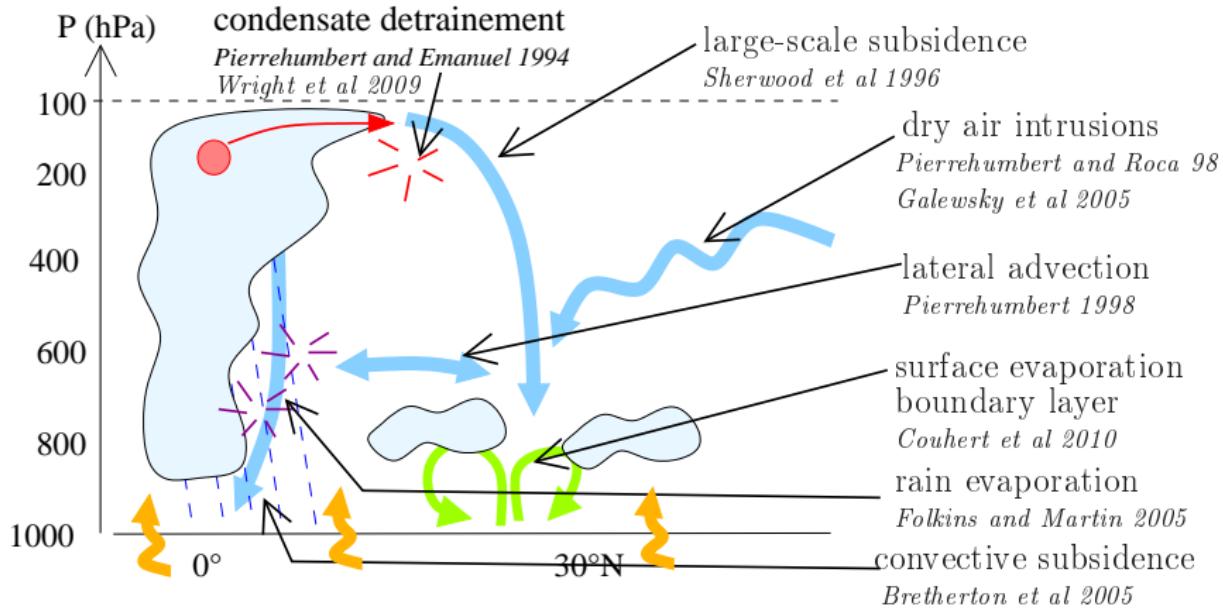
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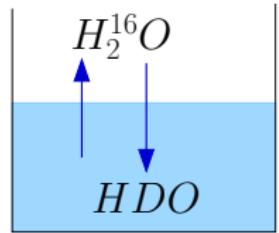
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⇒ need complementary evaluation tools

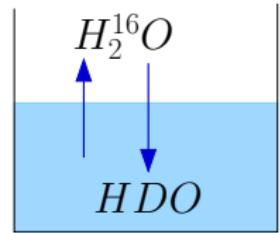
Water stable isotopes

- ▶ water isotopes: $H_2^{16}O$, $H_2^{18}O$, HDO
- ▶ fractionation



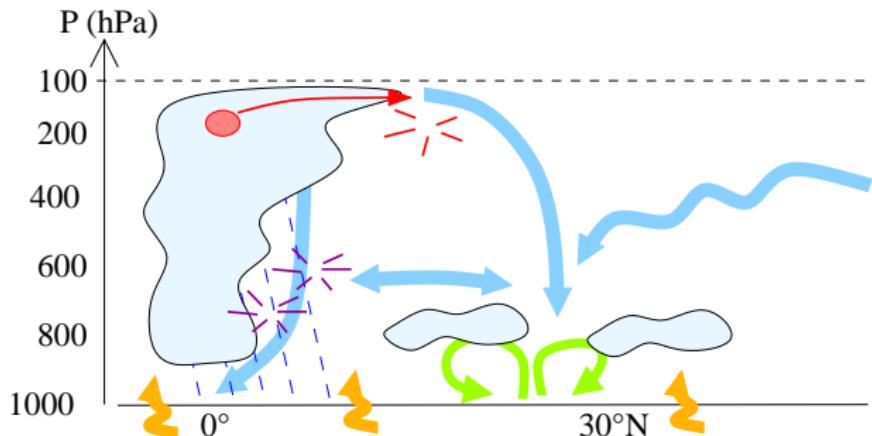
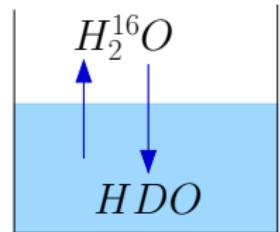
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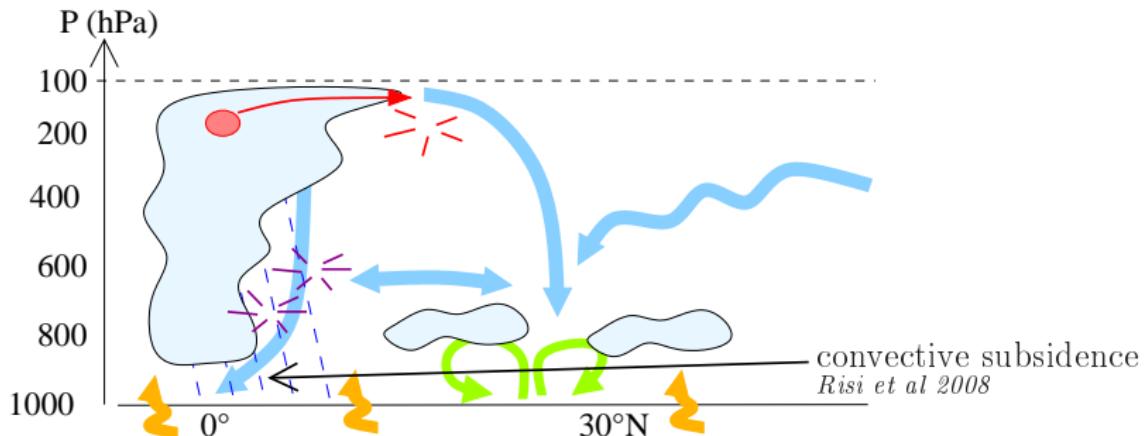
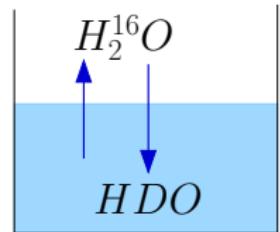
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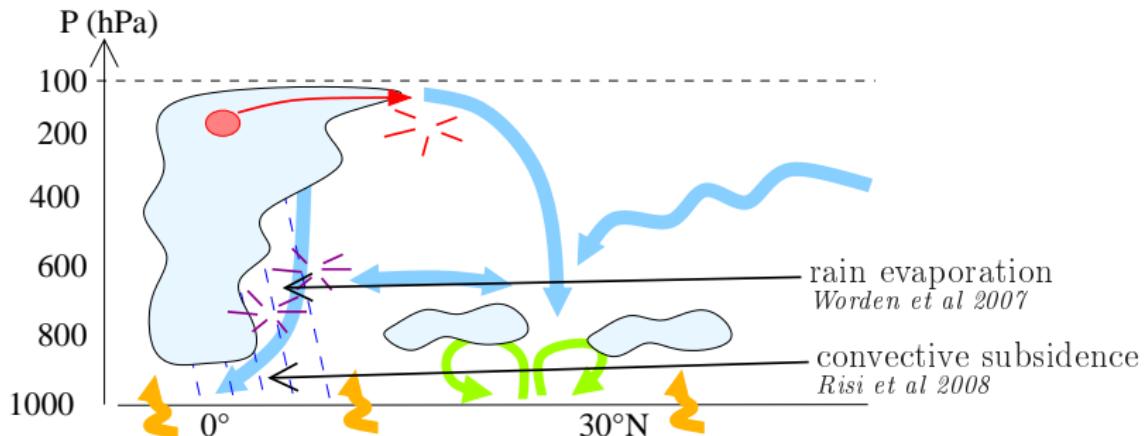
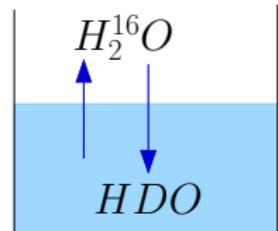
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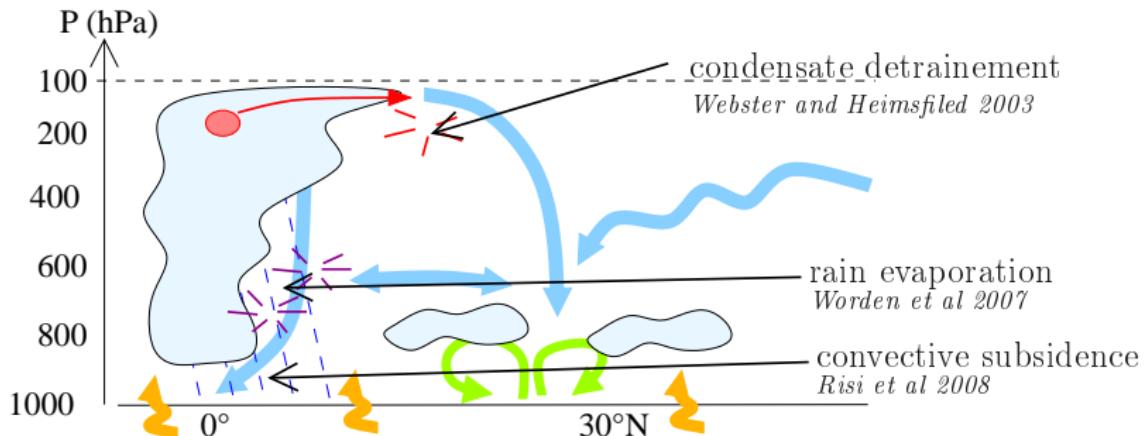
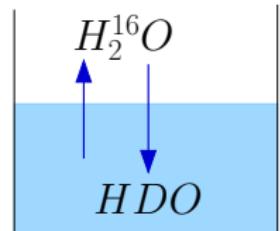
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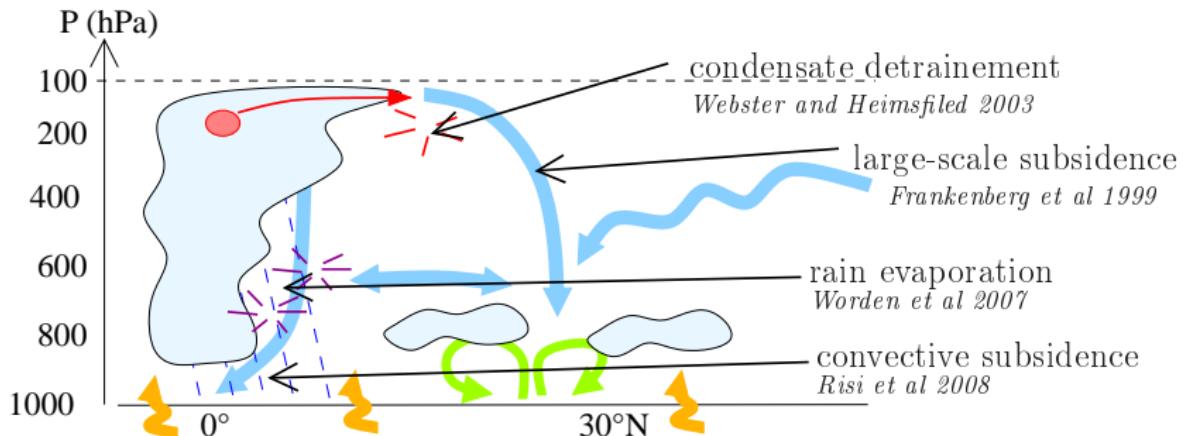
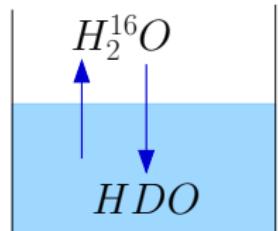
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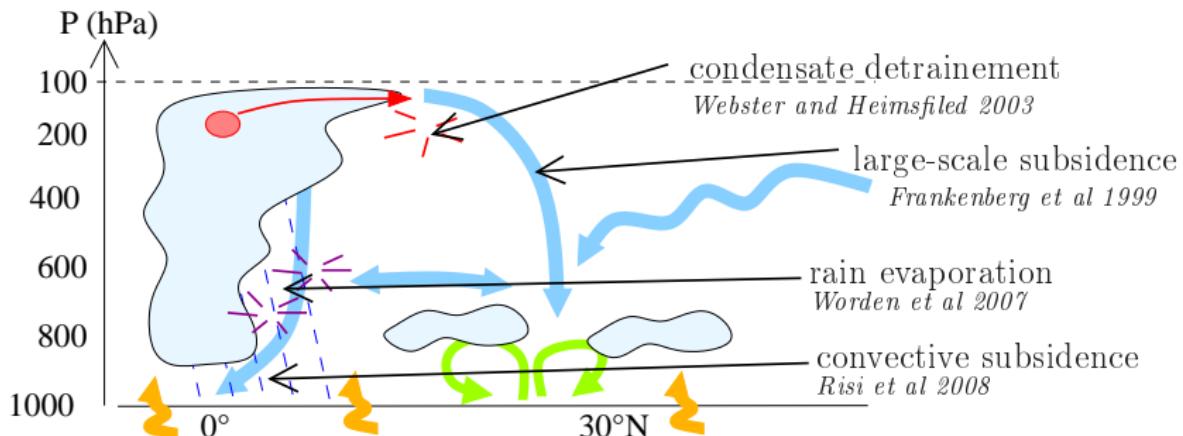
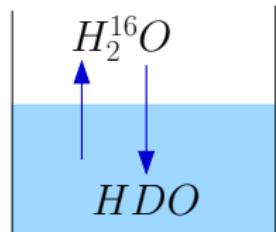
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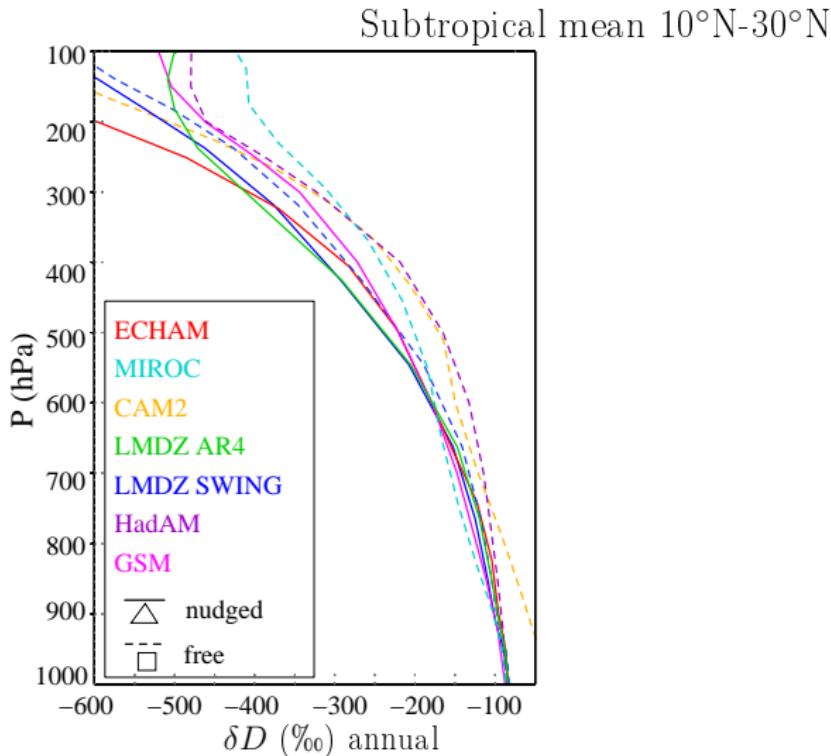
\Rightarrow Goal: use water isotopes to evaluate processes controlling humidity in climate models

Isotope dispersion in climate models

- ▶ isotope-enabled GCMs intercomparison (SWING2)

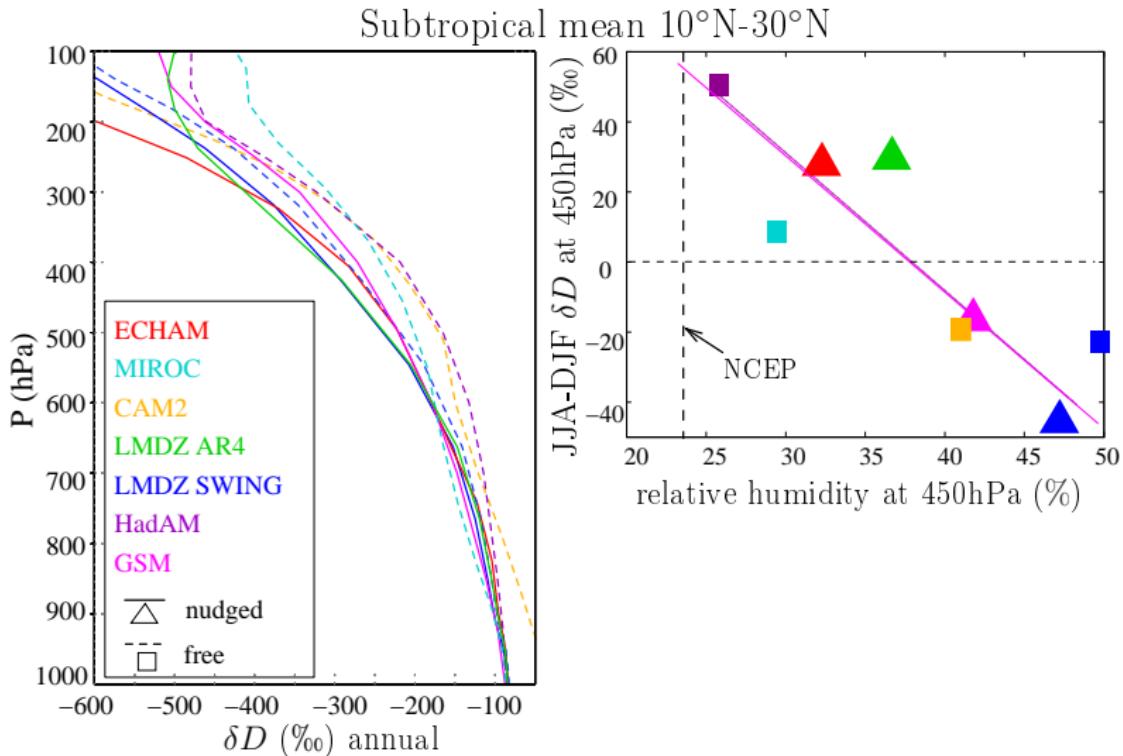
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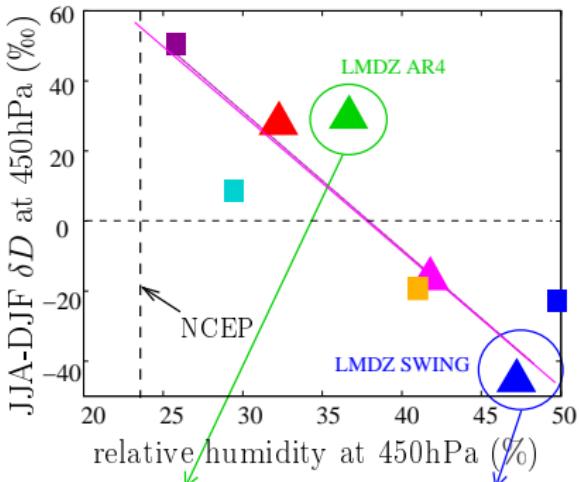
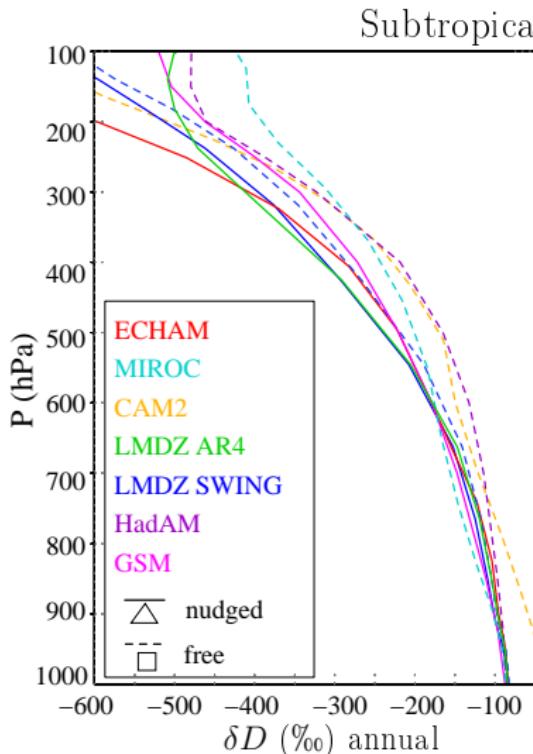
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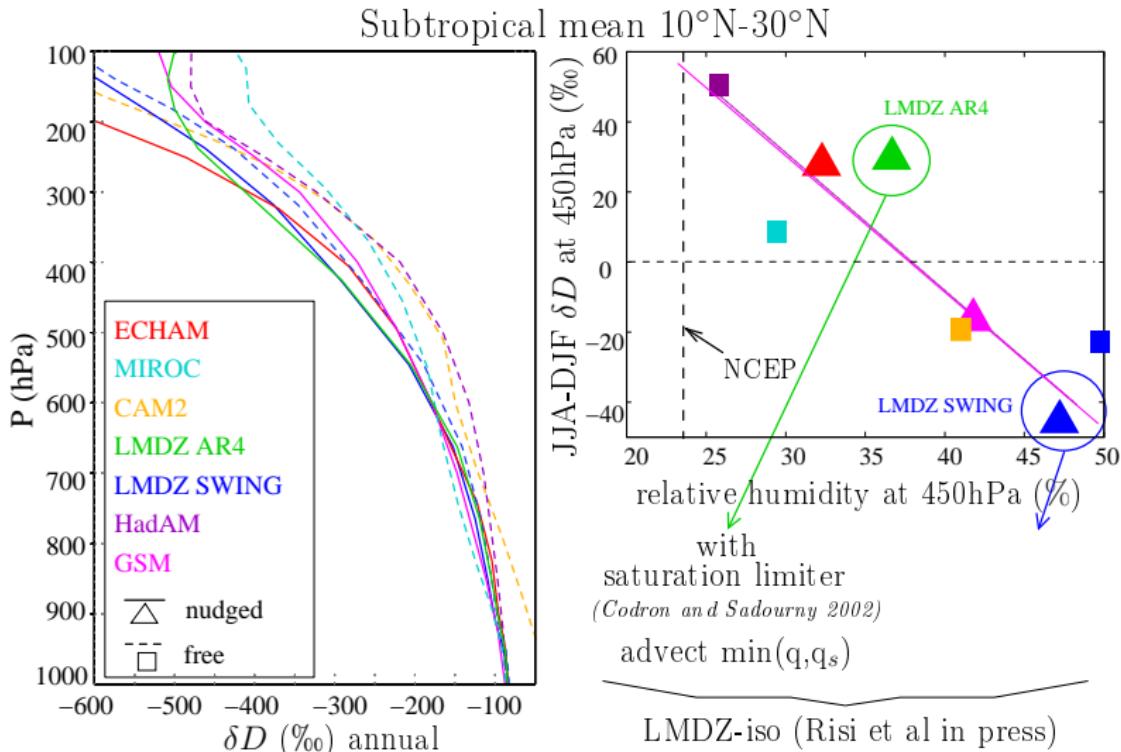
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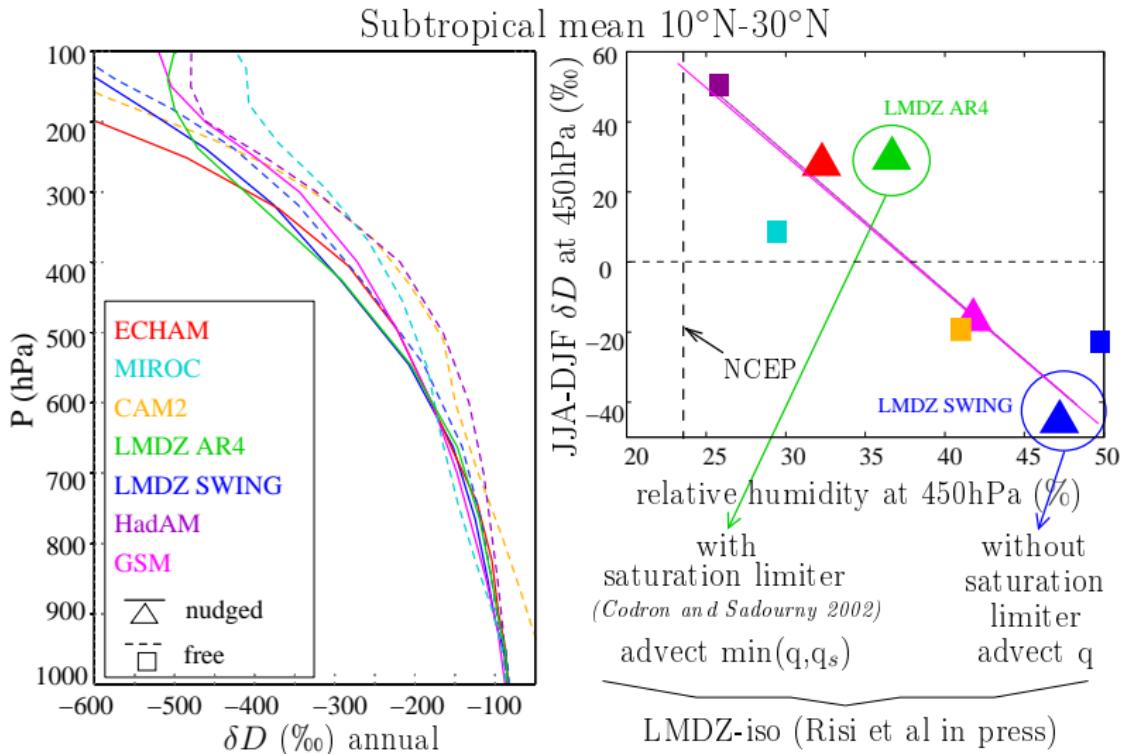
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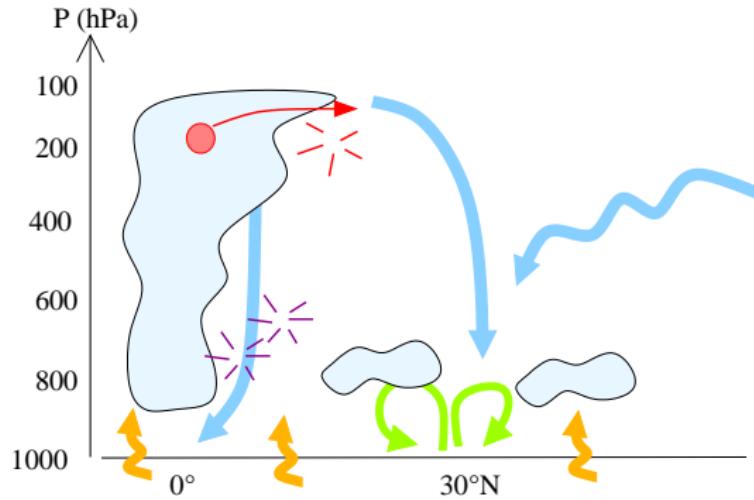


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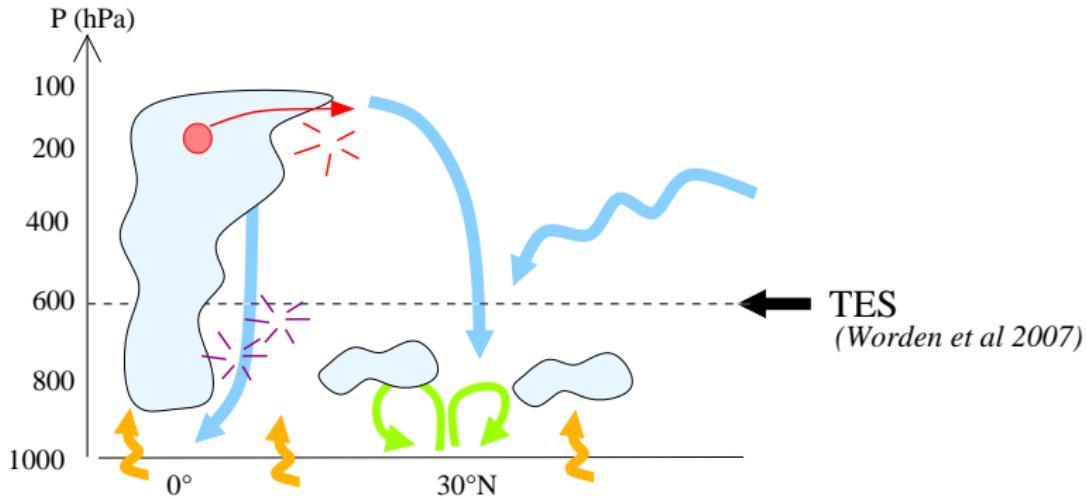
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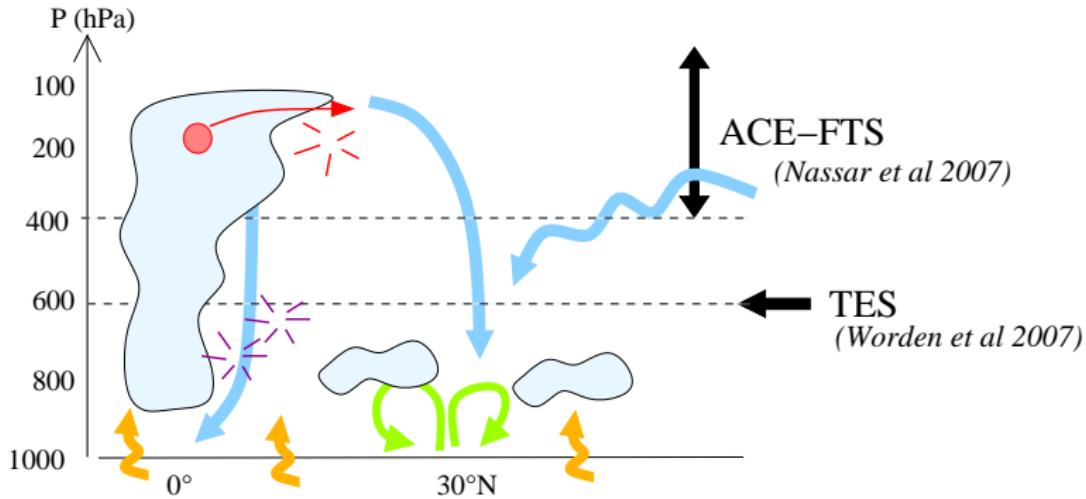
Data for 3D isotope evaluation



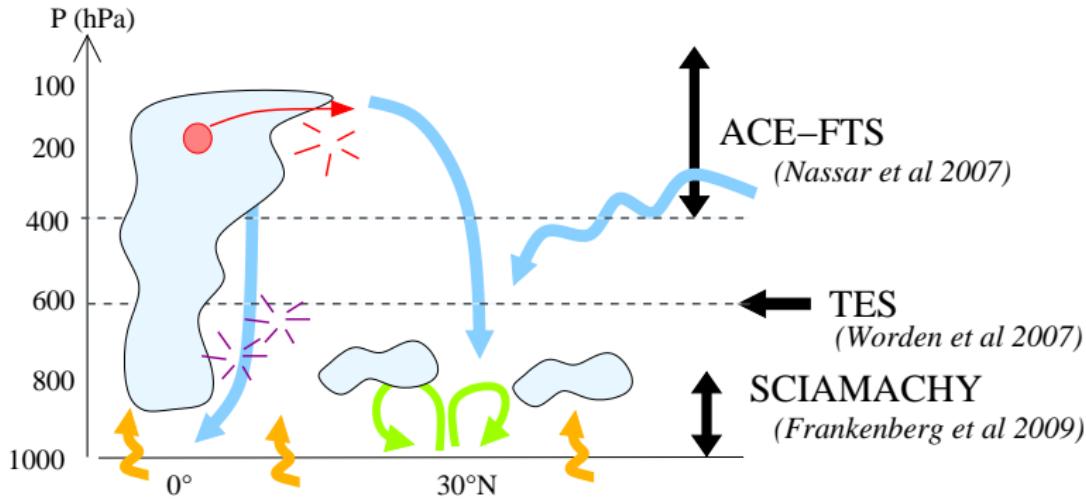
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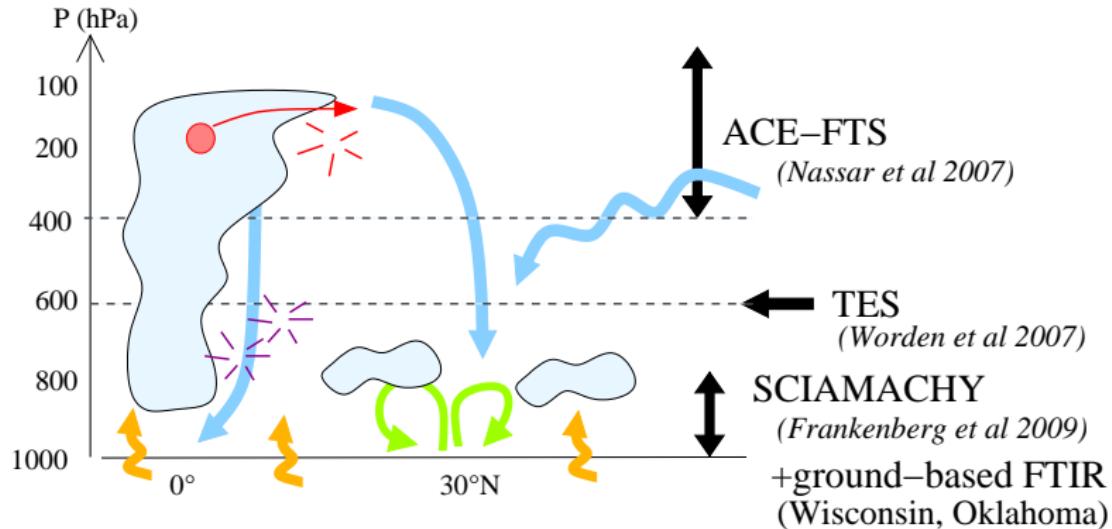
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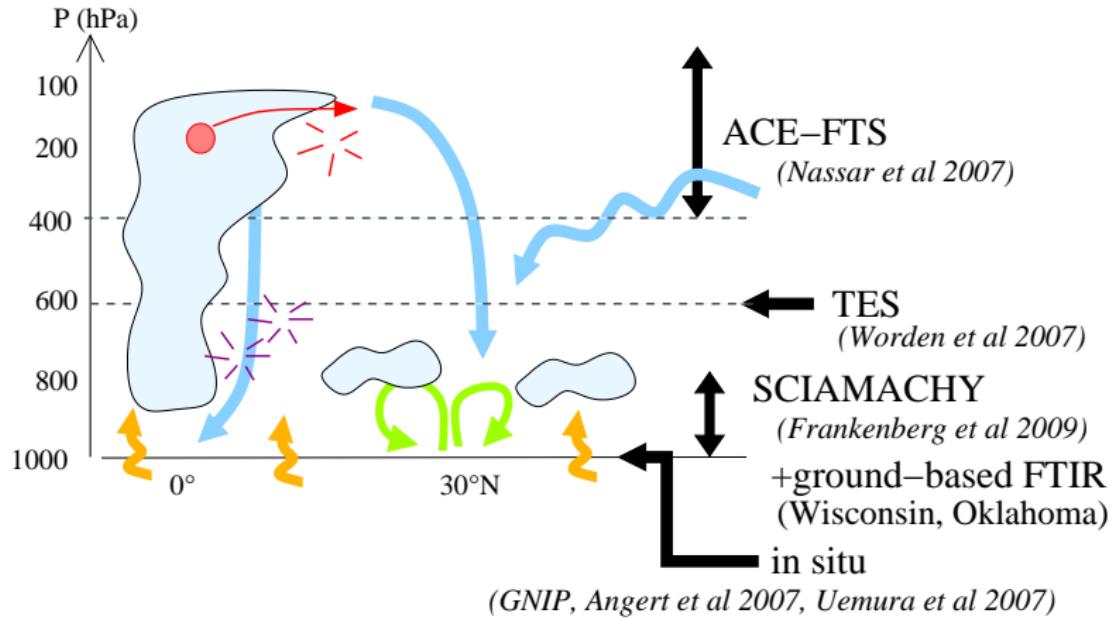
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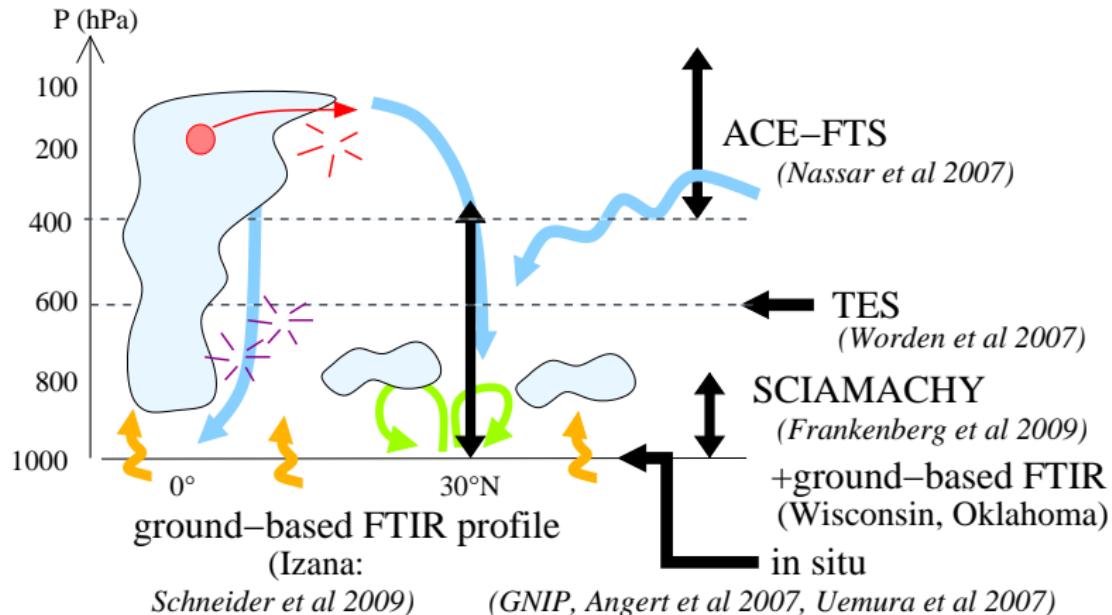
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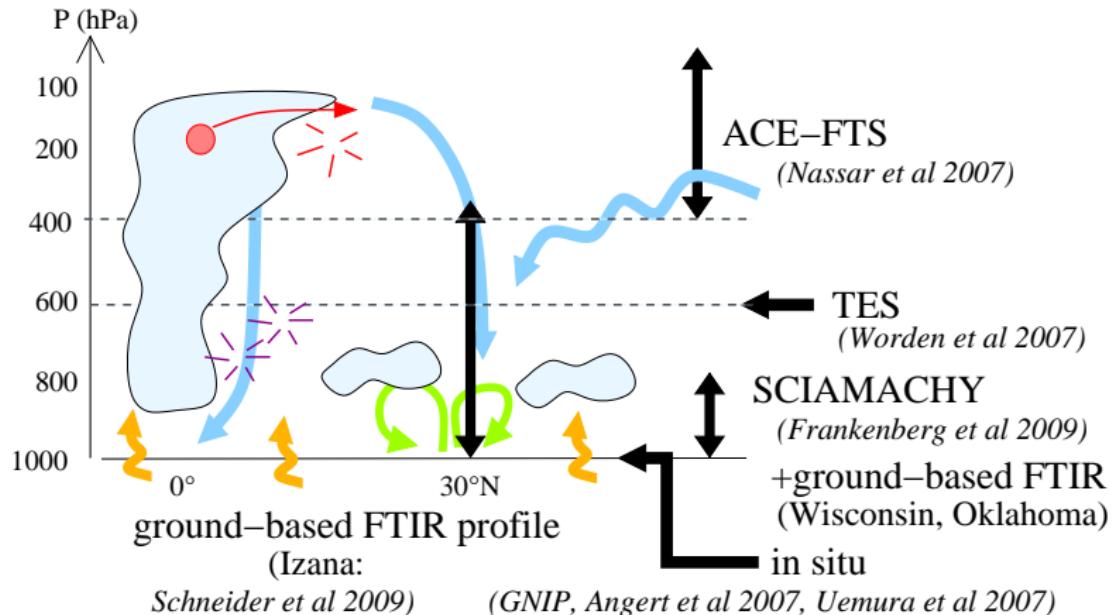
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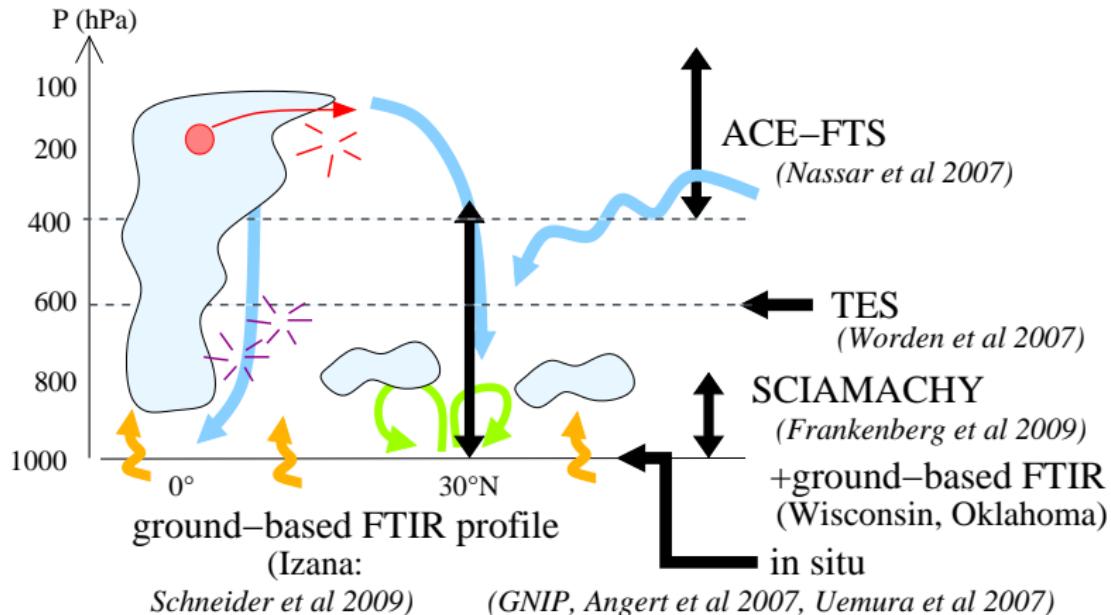


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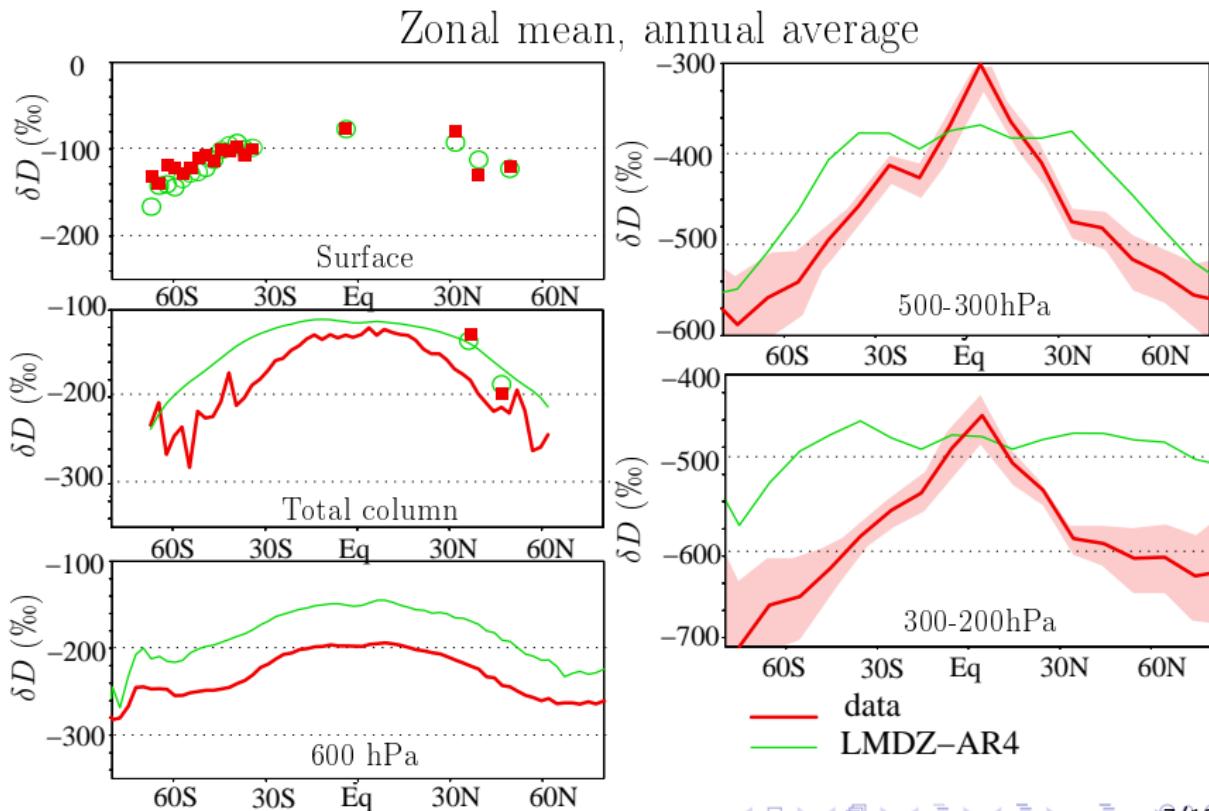
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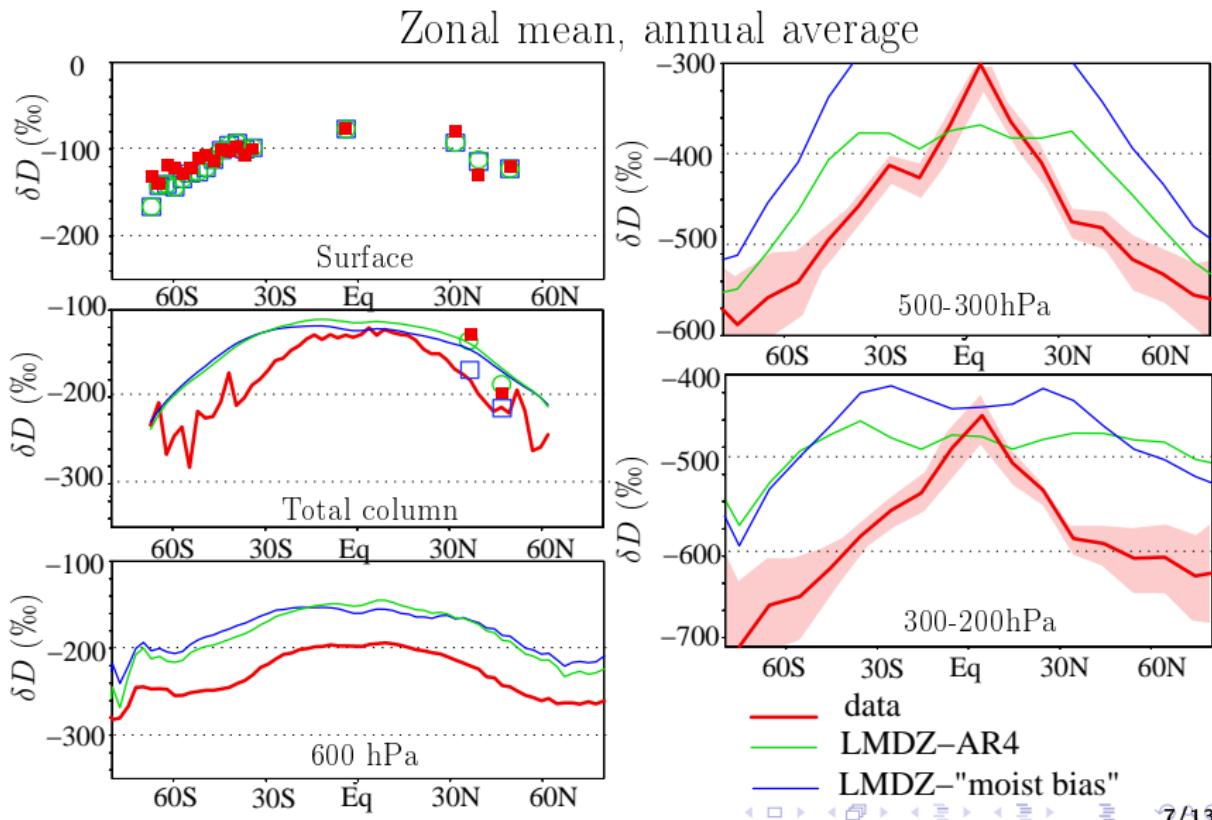


- ▶ quality screening
- ▶ GCM-data comparison: collocated with simulation nudged by ECMWF; averaging kernels

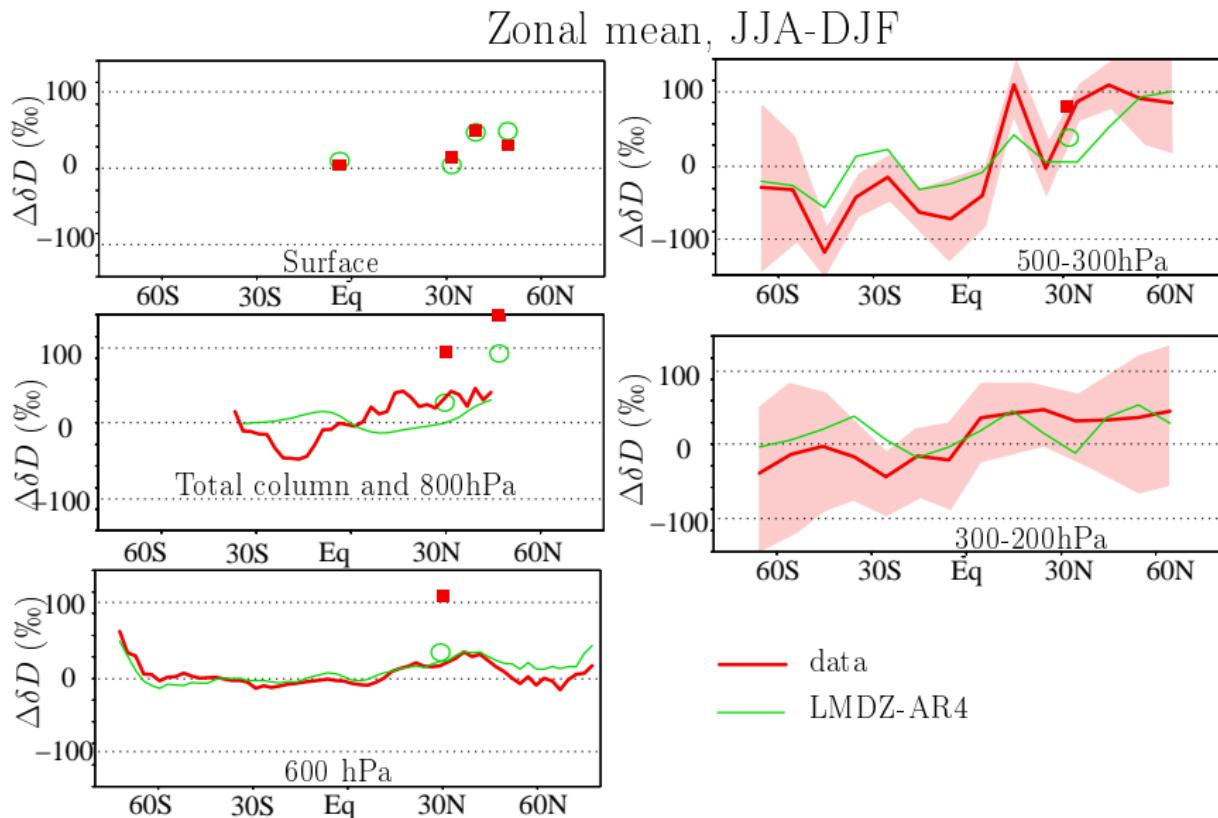
Multidataset evaluation: annual mean



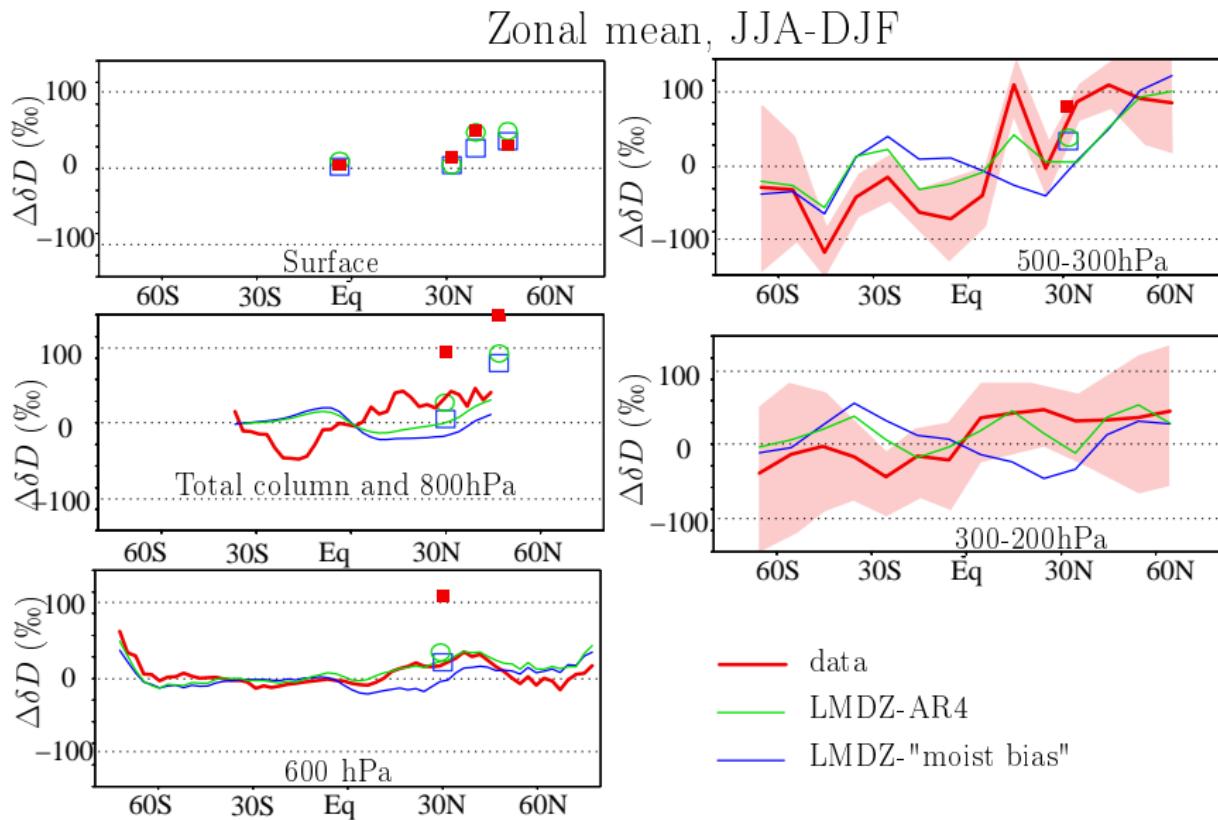
Multidataset evaluation: annual mean



Multidataset evaluation: seasonal

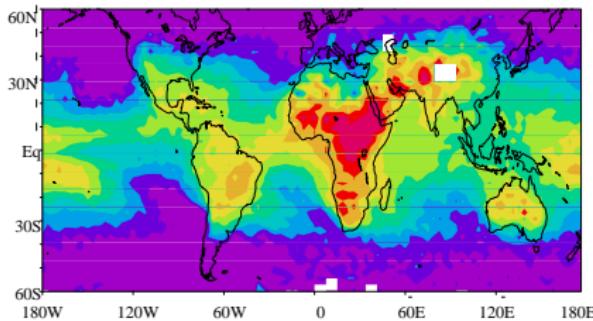


Multidataset evaluation: seasonal

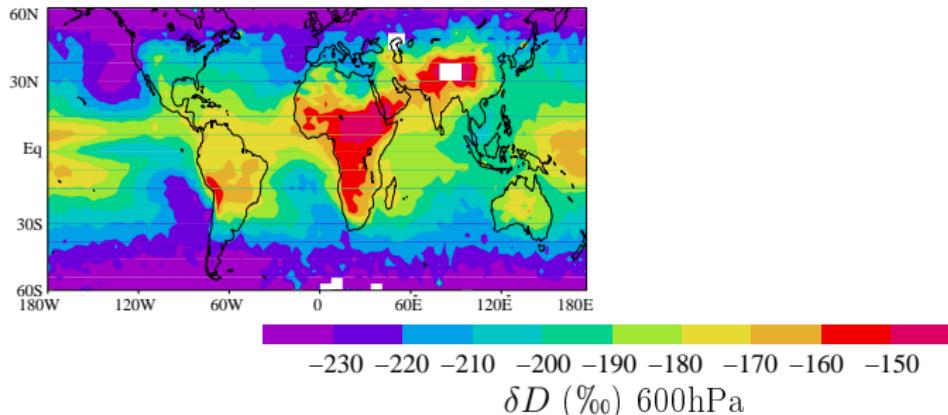


Annual mean in TES

TES data

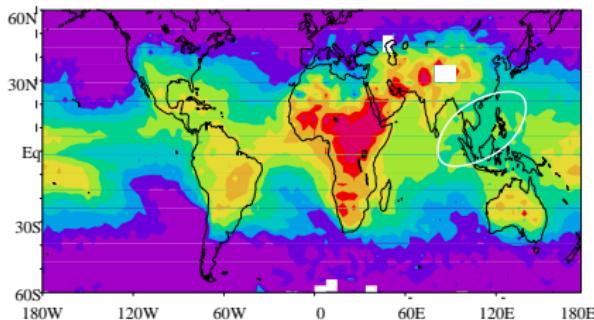


LMDZ AR4 -31‰

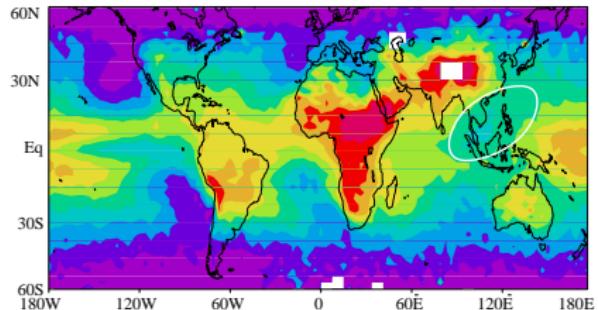


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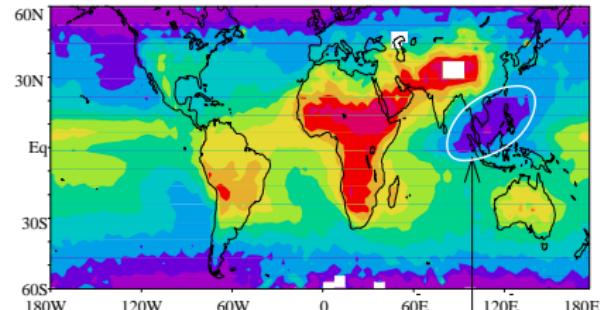
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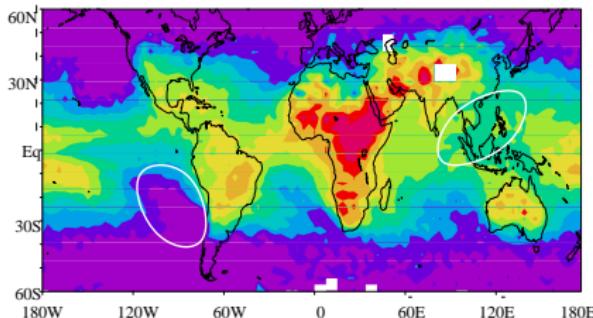
LMDZ "moist bias" -31‰



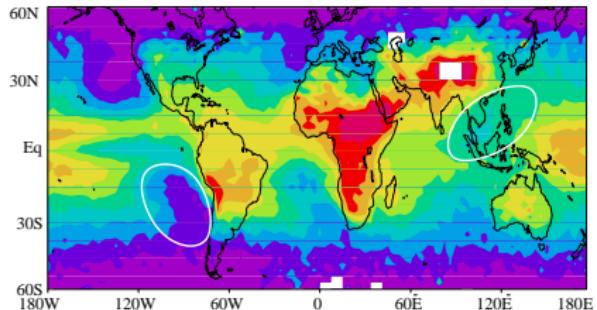
δD (‰) 600hPa
same in CAM2
(Lee et al 2009)

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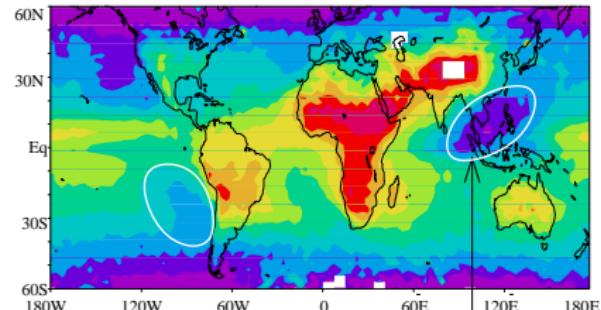
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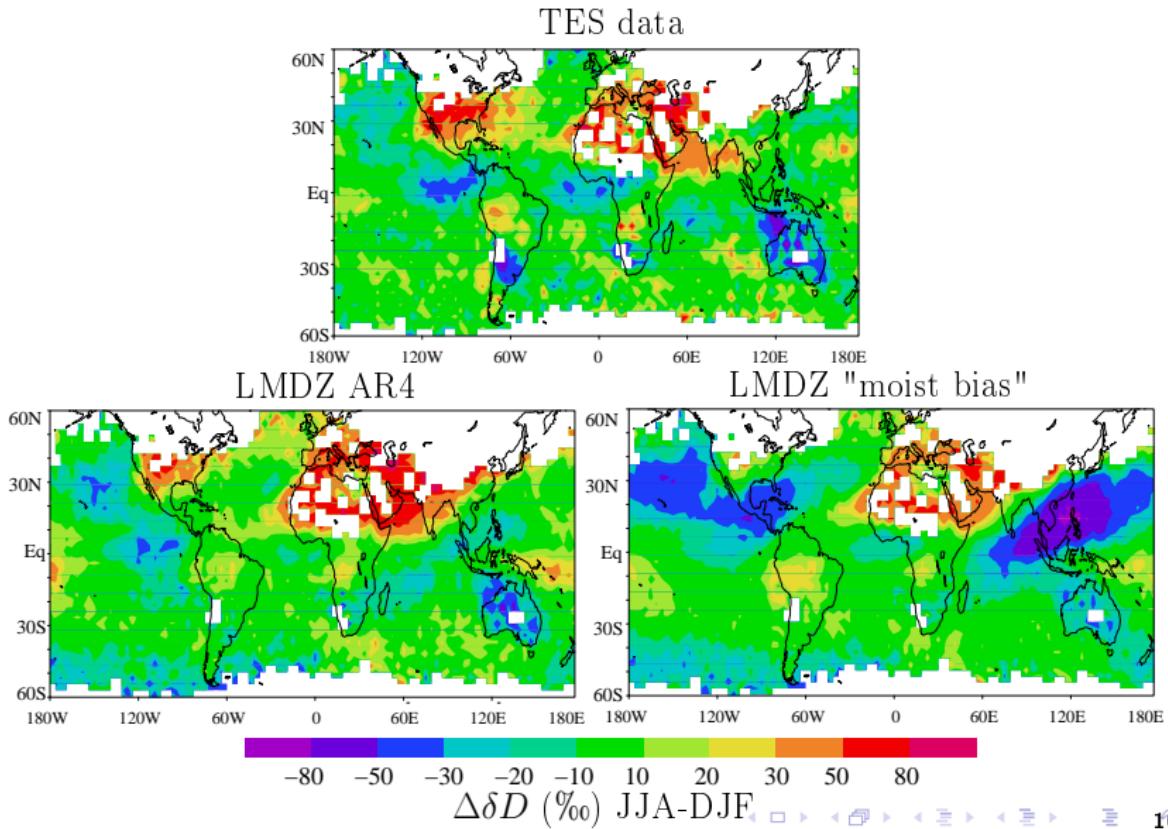
-230 -220 -210 -200 -190 -180 -170 -160 -150

δD (%) 600hPa

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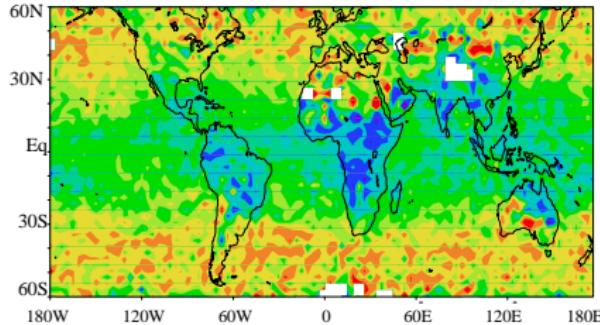
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Seasonal variations in TES

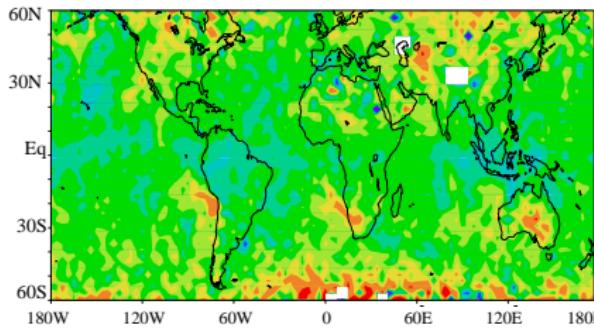


Cloud effect in TES

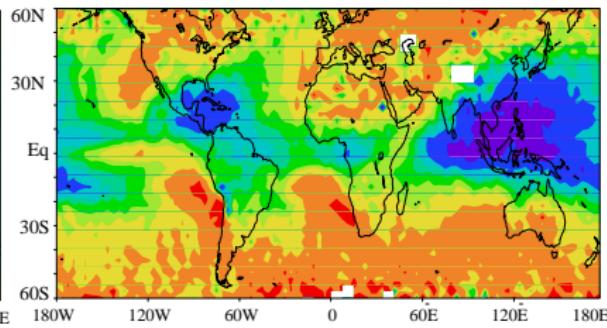
TES data



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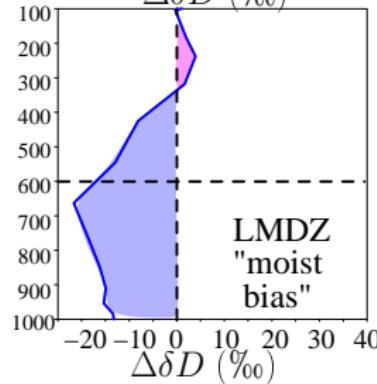
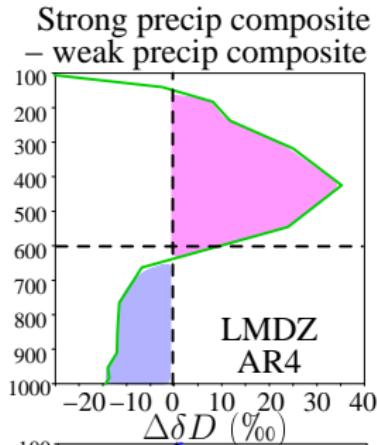


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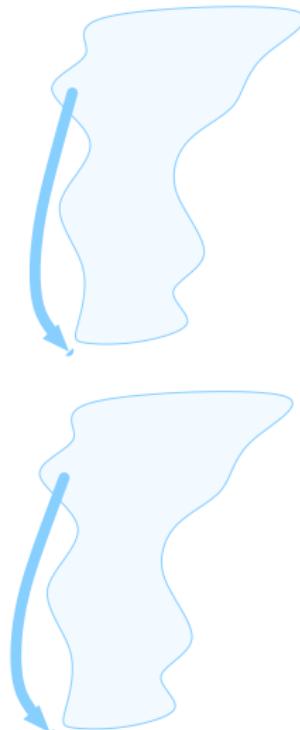
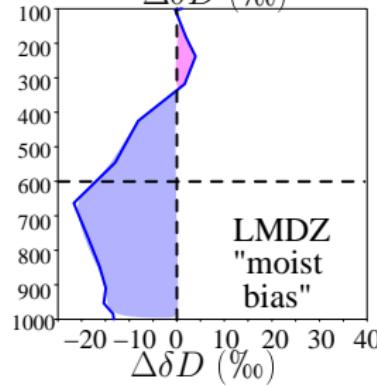
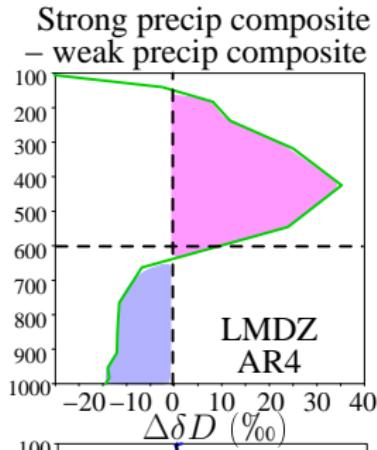


$\Delta\delta D$ (%) total-clear sky

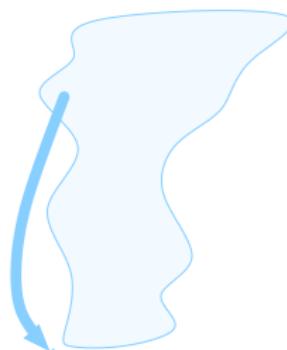
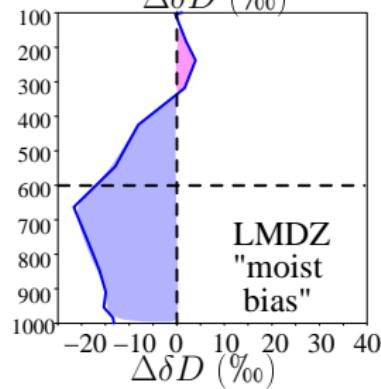
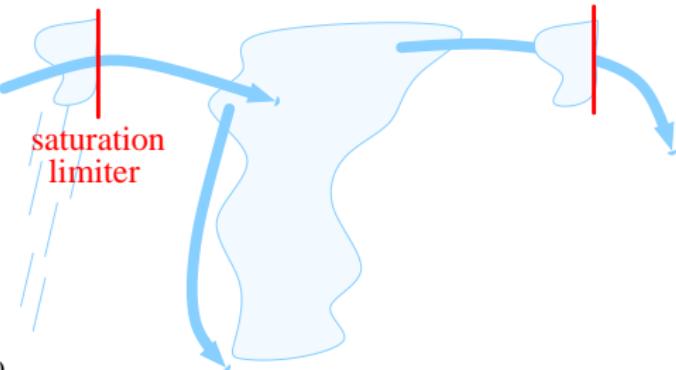
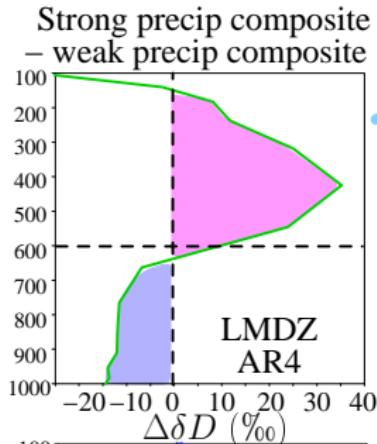
Isotopes reveal dehydration pathways



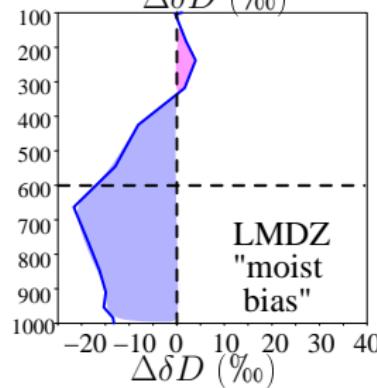
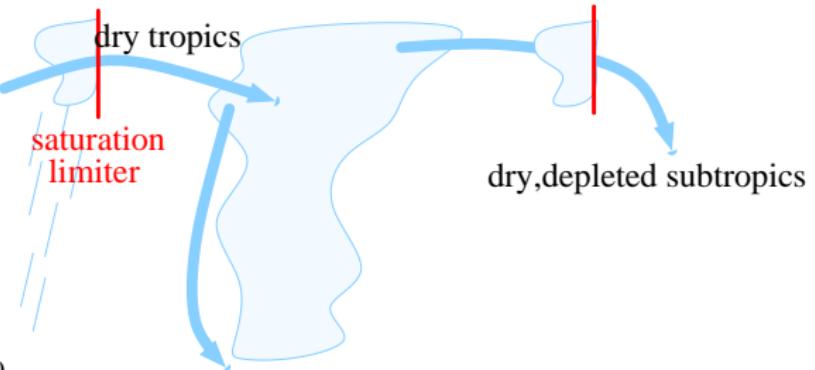
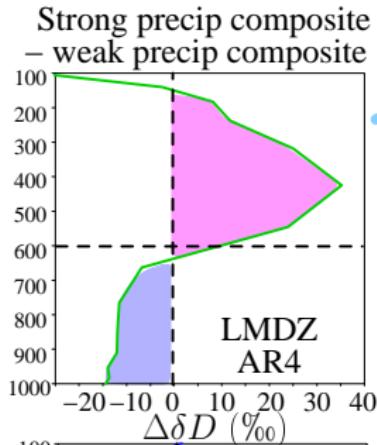
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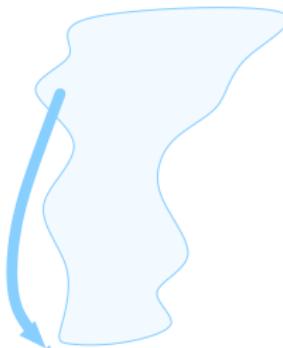
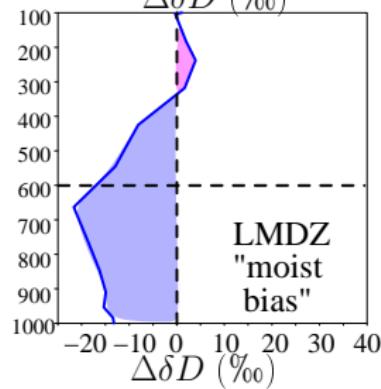
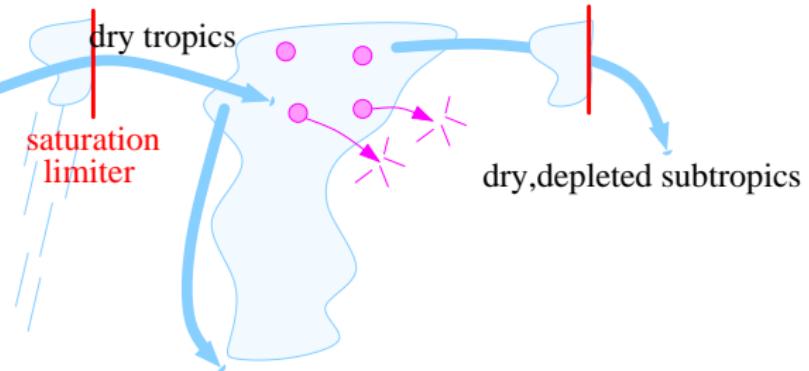
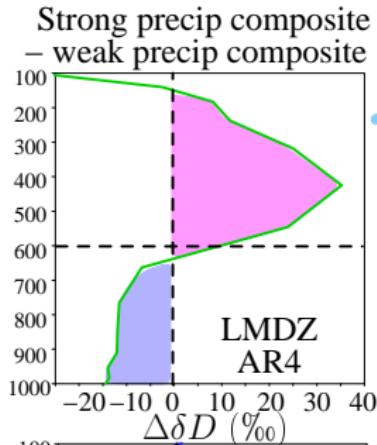
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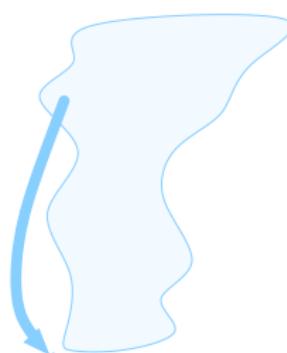
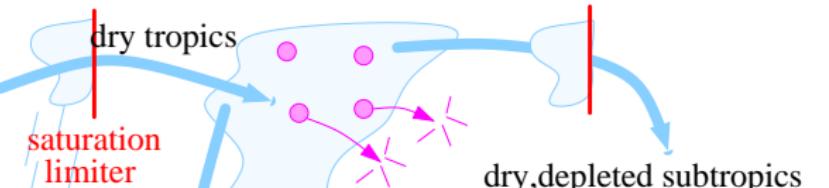
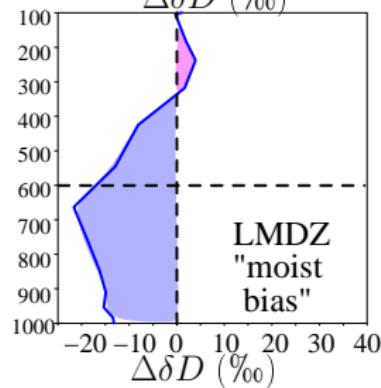
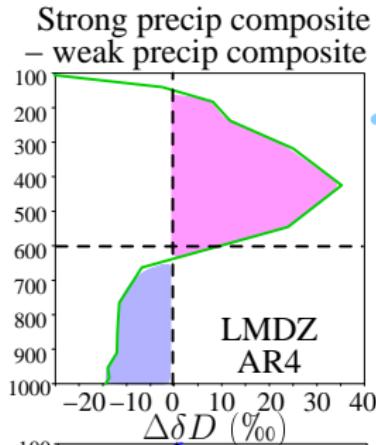
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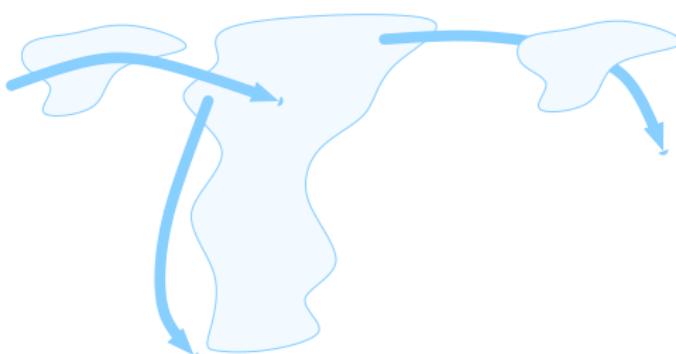
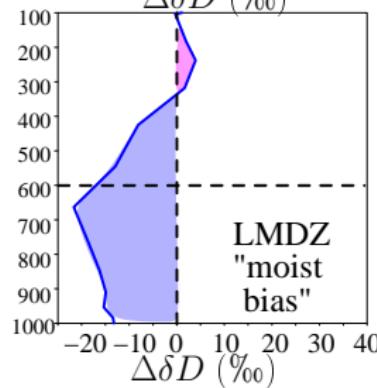
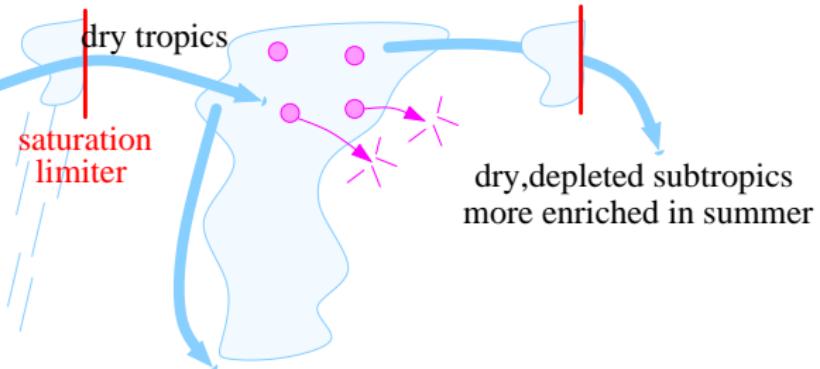
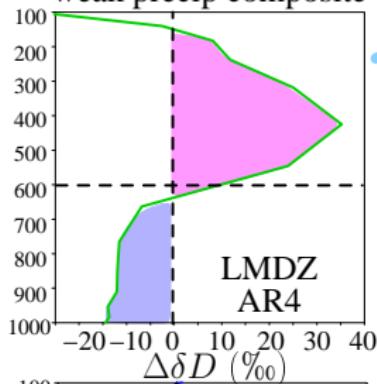


Isotopes reveal dehydration pathways

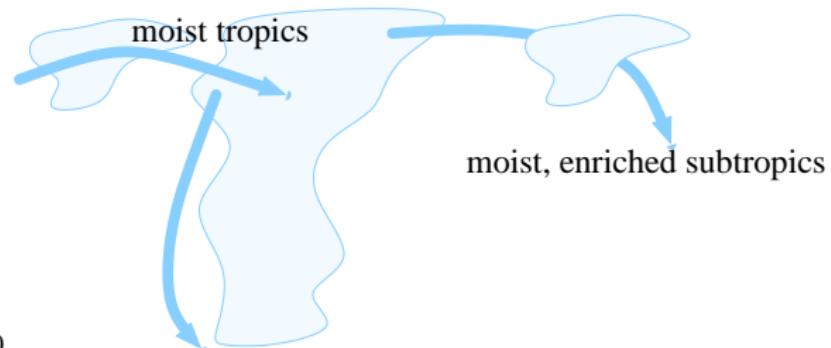
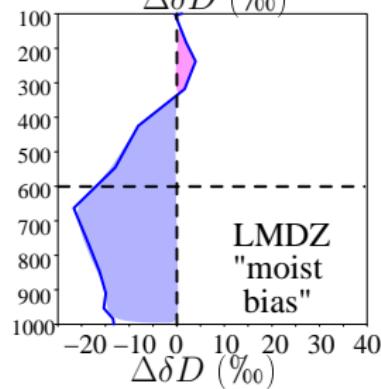
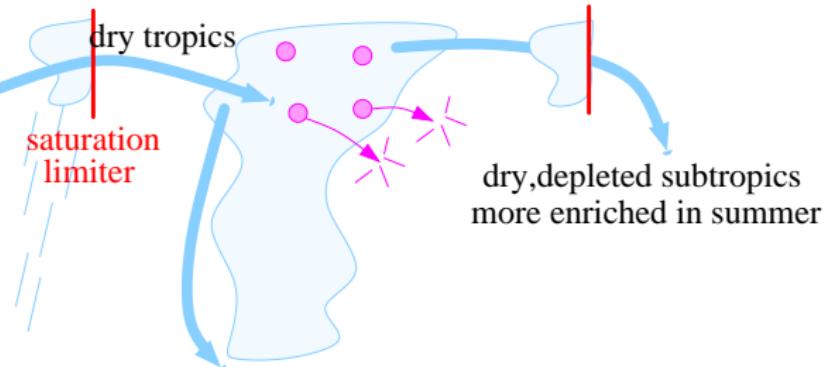
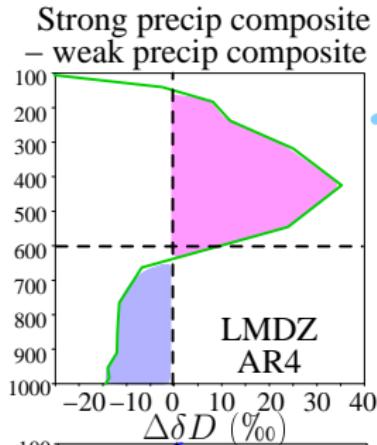


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Strong precip composite
– weak precip composite

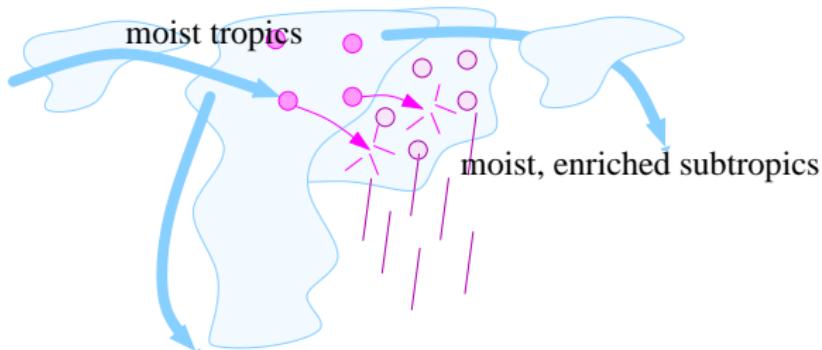
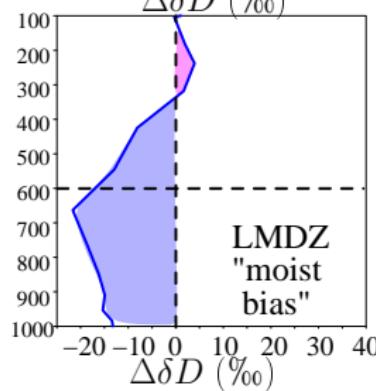
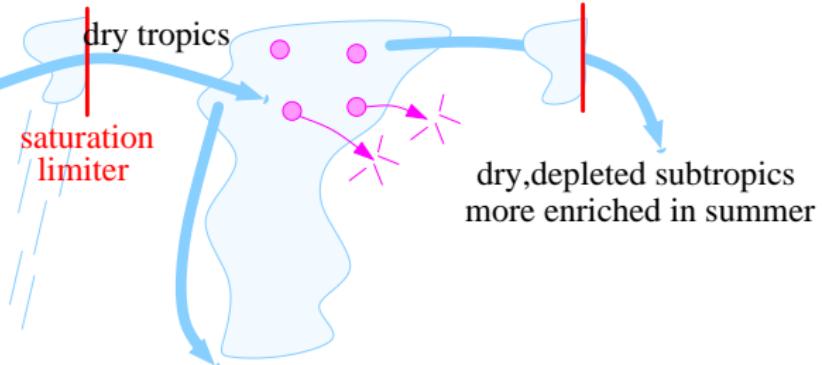
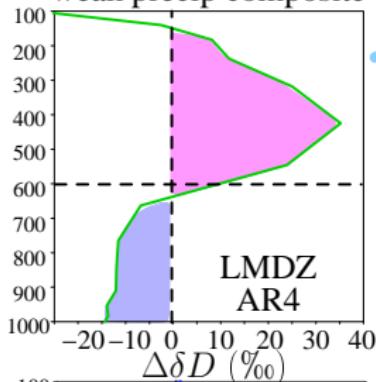


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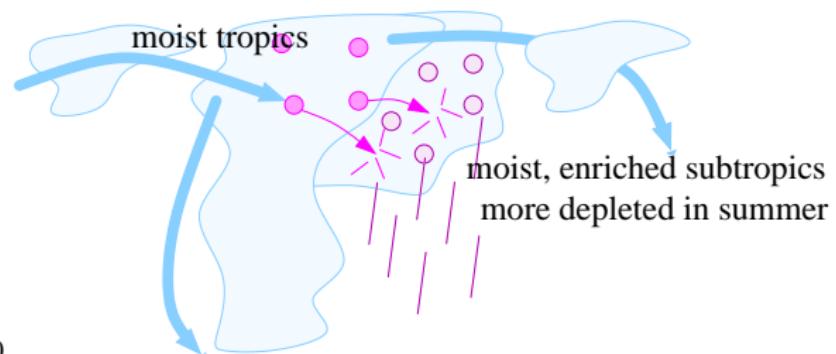
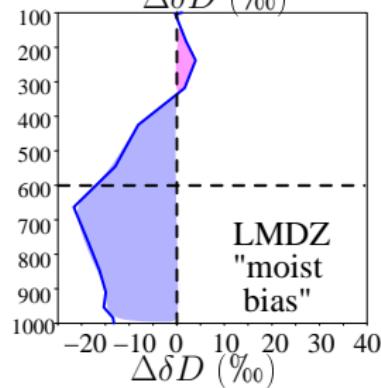
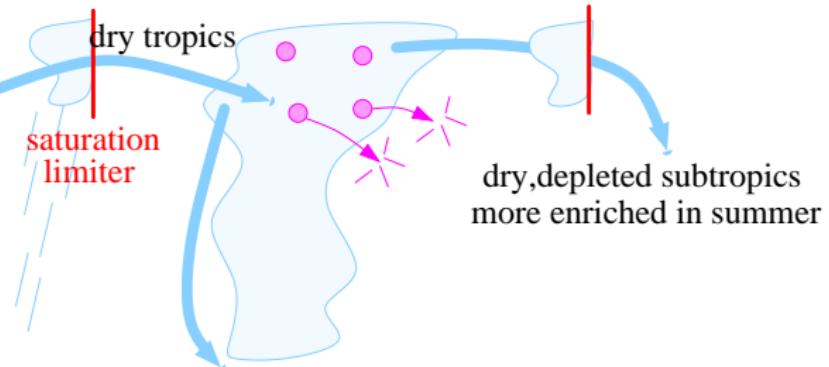
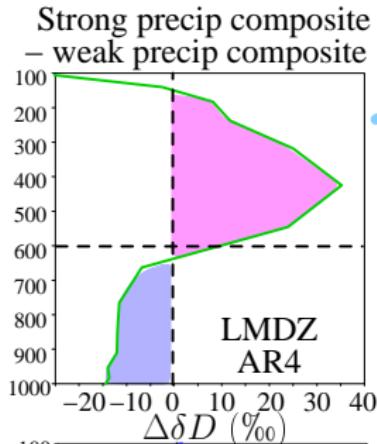


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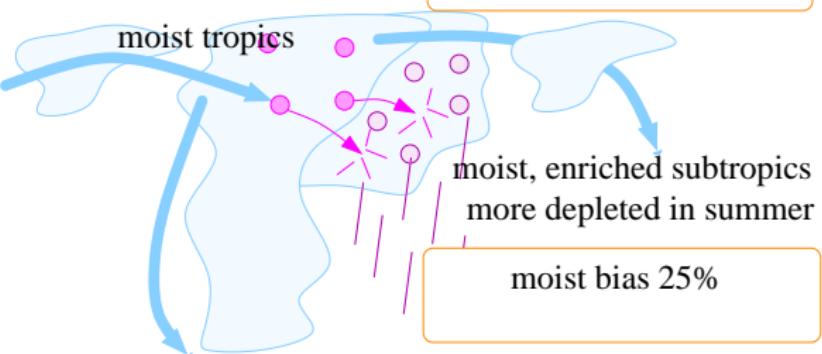
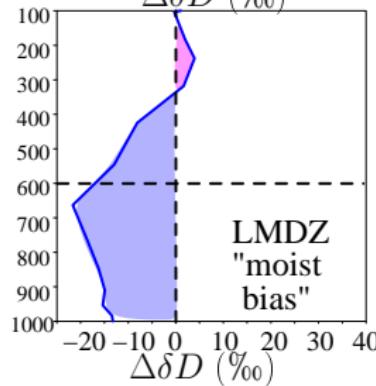
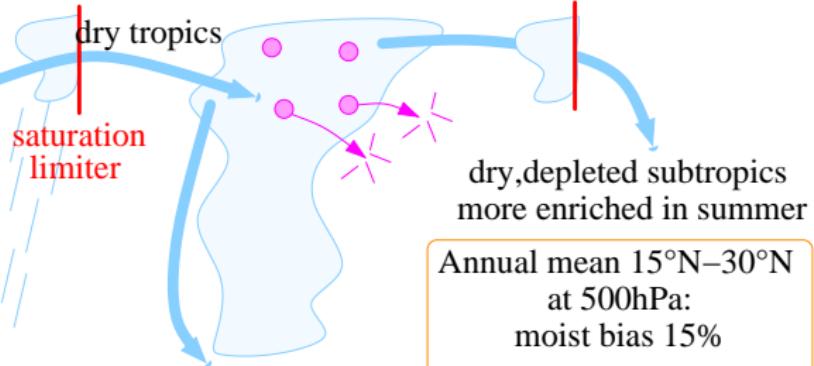
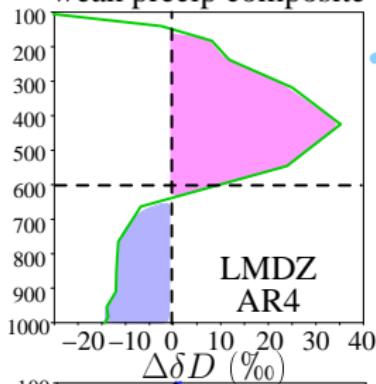


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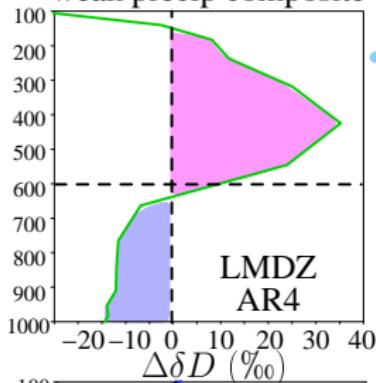
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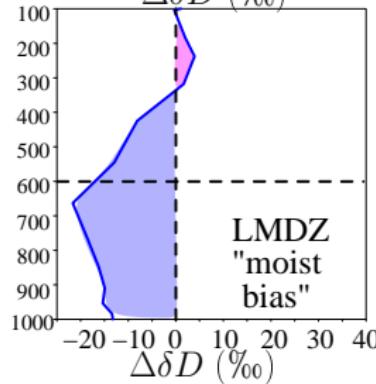
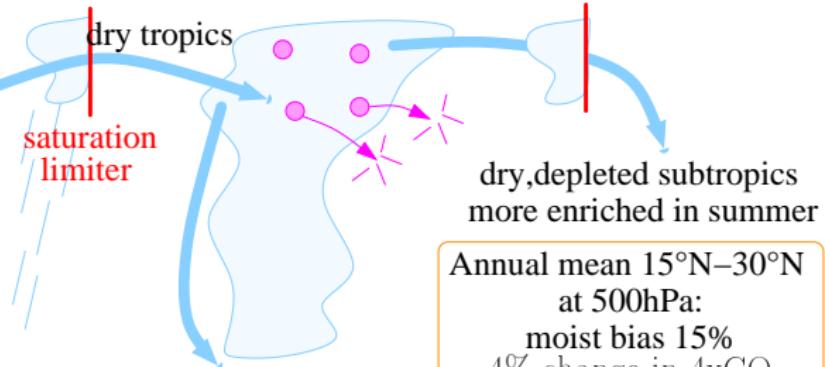
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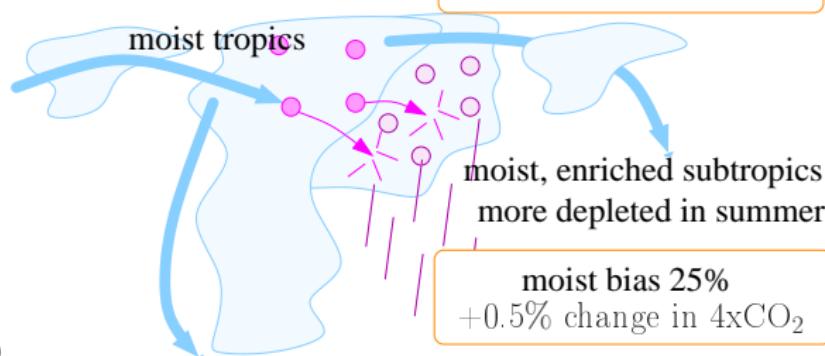


dry tropics

saturation limiter



moist tropics



Conclusion/perspectives

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